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GRAVE CHARGES.

BRITISH STARVE WOMEN AND CHILDREN AND KILL UNARMED PRISONERS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

MARTIAL LAW IN CAPE COLONY.

Boers Concentrating at Carolina—Boer Delegate Arrested—English Determined on Extermination.

London, Jan. 17.—The "stop the war" committee today passed the following resolution: "Orders which a British officer reports he personally received reveal the adoption by Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener of a policy having for its aim the extermination of a heroic nationality by starving its women and children and the deliberate massacre of unarmed prisoners."

The latter clause alludes to General Kitchener's alleged secret orders to General DeWet's pursuers to take no prisoners. Copies of letters from an unnamed British officer containing these and other charges, will be sent by the committee to Lord Salisbury and Lord Roberts and others.

Cape Town, Jan. 17.—Martial law has now been proclaimed in every part of Cape Colony, except in the districts of Cape Town, Simonstown, Wyndberg, Port Elizabeth and East London. It has also been proclaimed in Pomonaland, Griqualand East and in East and West Pondoland.

It has been proclaimed unlawful for any person in the Cape Peninsula except officials and regular or irregular troops, to possess arms and ammunition or either.

London, Jan. 17—General Kitchener telegraphing from Pretoria under date of Wednesday, January 16, says the concentration of 3,000 Boers at Carolina, Transvaal, is reported. He adds that Colville's mobile column was engaged near Vantone's Hoek. The Boers were driven away with heavy loss.

Three hundred Boers entered Aberdeen yesterday, looted the stores and retired on the arrival of 100 British infantry.

Standerton, Jan. 17—Boer women, brought in by the military, report that Wm Steyn, who was appointed a delegate of the Boers here to ask the fighting Boers to surrender under Lord Kitchener's proclamation, was made a prisoner and sent to Pietrewief, accused of high treason. The Boers are still active around Standerton.

London, Jan. 17.—The Evening Standard says it hears a number of Boer prisoners have escaped from Ceylon.

A dispatch from Cape Town, dated Jan. 18, says that during the occupation of Aberdeen by the Boer invaders they looted the stores and recruited twenty-five Dutch rebels. Two of these were civil servants who robbed the postoffice before leaving.

FILTHY CONVICT CAMP.

Sensational Report by Grand Jury of Mecklenburg.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 18.—The grand jury's report, made here today, contains sensational matter in reference to the condition of the county convict camps. The report says:

"We find Stancill convict camp in bad condition. There are thirty-six men in chains, sixteen trusties, two women and three water-boys, one only about nine years old, and we would recommend that he be bound out. The prison quarters are too small, as most of the prisoners are more or less diseased. The bunks or beds are too small for the men to lie full length. We also found the drinking water and cooking water very muddy and unfit for use. The camp presents an unsightly appearance and we fear would have a tendency to lower instead of raising the citizenship of the men while in confinement. We found them eating their meals with sticks, pieces of bark, etc., instead of spoons."

Wedding Postponed to Save $2.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Dispatch.

Because it will save $2 Mary Finley and John Milkonian have decided to postponed their wedding until August 7. They went into the marriage lincense clerk's office today and discovered that as Mary will not be of age until August 7, and as her parents are dead and she has no legal guardian, she cannot give her own consent until she is 21. The court provides a remedy in such cases, however, and will appoint a guardian at a cost of $2. When this was explained to John and Mary, they had a long talk. It took them half an hour to decide the momentous question, but they finally agreed to save the $2 and wait until August 7th.

To Search for King Solomon's Mines.

Oakland, Cal., Dispatch.

John R. Farrell, a mining expert of this city, will start for Africa in a few days on a mission highly tinged with romance. Farrell goes in quest of "King Solomon's mines," made famous by Rider Haggard's well-known story. Farrell says he expects to make a big showing. He goes to Africa as an expert for a large London syndicate.

Killed Brother to Protect Home.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 17.—Charles Gordon, colored, was killed by his brother Antonius, in Portsmouth today. The slayer declares he was trying to save his father's home which was surety for the brother's peace bond. He declares that Charles, in a jealous rage, was about to break his bond, which was given because he had struck a woman with a club.

VALUABLE FARMERS' BULLETINS.

Every Farmer in the State Can Get Them Free and Should Read Them.

The following is a list of the Farmers' Bulletins available for distribution, showing the number, title, and size in pages of each. Copies will be sent to any address on application to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress or to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.:

16 Leguminous plants, pp 24.
19 Important insecticides, pp 32
21 Barnyard Manure, pp 32.
22 The feeding of farm animals, pp 32.
23 Foods: nutritive value and cost, pp 32
24 Hog cholera and swine plague, pp 16
25 Peanuts: culture and uses, pp 24.
26 Sweet potatoes: culture and uses, pp 30.
27 Flax for seed and fiber, pp 16
28 Weeds, and how to kill them, pp 32.
29 Souring and other changes in milk, pp 23.
30 Grape diseases on the Pacific coast, pp 15.
31 Alfalfa, or Lucern, pp 24
32 Silos and Silage, pp 32
33 Peach growing for market, pp 24
34 Meats: composition and cooking, pp 29
35 Potato culture, pp 24
36 Cotton seed and its products, pp 16.
37 Kaffir corn: culture and uses, 12
38 Spraying for fruit diseases, pp 12
39 Onion culture, pp 31
40 Farm drainage, pp 24.
41 Fowls: care and feeding, pp 24
42 Facts about milk pp 29
43 Sewage disposal on the farm, pp 20
44 Commercial fertilizers, pp 24.
45 Insects injurious to stored grain, pp 24
46 Irrigation in humid climates pp 27.
47 Insects affecting the cotton plant, pp 32
48 The manuring of cotton, pp 16.
49 Sheep feeding, pp 24
50 Sorghum as a forage crop, pp 20
51 Standard varieties of chickens, pp 48.
52 The sugar beet, pp 48
54 Some common birds, pp 40.
55 The dairy herd, pp 24.
56 Experiment station work—I, pp 31
57 Butter making on the farm, pp 16.
58 The Soy bean as a forage crop, pp 24.
59 Bee keeping, pp 32.
60 Methods of curing tobacco, pp 16
61 Asparagus culture, pp 40.
62 Marketing farm produce, pp 28
63 Care of milk on the farm, pp 40.
64 Ducks and geese, pp 48.
65 Experiment station work—II, pp 32.
66 Meadows and pastures, pp 28.
67 Forestry for farmers, pp 48.
68 The black rot of the cabbage, pp 22.
69 Experiment station work—III, pp 32.
70 Insect enemies of the grape, pp 23
71 Essential in beef production, pp 24
72 Cattle ranges of the southwest, pp 32
73 Experiment Station work, IV, pp 32
74 Milk as food, pp 39.
75 The grain Smuts, pp 20.
76 Tomato growing, pp 30.
77 The liming of soils, pp 19.
78 Experiment station work—V pp 32
79 Experiment station work—VI pp 28.
80 The peach twig borer, pp 16.
81 Corn culture in the South, pp 24.
82 The culture of tobacco, pp 24
83 Tobacco soils, pp 23
84 Experiment station work—VII, pp 32.
85 Fish as food, pp 30
86 Thirty poisonous plants, pp 32
87 Experiment station work—VIII, pp 32
88 Alkali Lands, pp 23.
89 Cowpeas, pp 16.
90 The manufacture of sorghum sirup pp 32
91 Potato diseases and their treatment, pp 12
92 Experiment station work—IX pp 30.
93 Sugar as food, pp 27.
94 The vegetable garden, pp 24
95 Good roads for farmers, pp 47.
96 Raising sheep for mutton, pp pp 48.
97 Experiment station work—X pp 32
98 Suggestion to Southern farmers, pp 48.
99 Three insect enemies of shade trees, pp 30.
100 Hog raising in the South, pp 40
101 Millets, pp 28
102 Southern forage plants, pp 48.
103 Experiment station work—pp 32.
104 Notes on frost, pp 24.
105 Experiment station work—pp 32
106 Breeds of dairy cattle, pp 48
107 Experiment station work—XIII pp 32
108 Saltbushes, pp 20.
109 Farmers' reading course, pp 20.
110 Rice culture in the United States, pp 28
111 The farmers' interest in good seed, pp 24.
112 Bread and bread making, pp 39.
113 The apple and how to grow it, pp 32
114 Experimet station work—XIV, pp 28
115 Hop culture in California, pp 27.
116 Irrigation in fruit growing, pp 48.
117 Sheep, hogs and horses in the Northwest, pp 28.
118. Grape Growing in the South, pp 32.
119 Experiment station work—XV.
120 The principal insects affecting the tobacco plant.

CANADA WANTS INDEPENDENCE.

The Dominion to Be Transformed Into an Independent Model Government.

An exchange says that for some time past there has been some discussion about the sessions of an "independence" club in Montreal, but the managers of the new movement did not appear to judge the time opportune for the appealing to the public.

A good deal of interest was added to the movement by the fact that during the Paris Exposition a large number of young men appeared in Paris wearing "independence of Canada" buttons, and an attempt was made to connect J. I. Tarte and J. X. Perrault, the Canadian commissioners, with the movement because a number of independence buttons were among the spoils recovered from men who had burglarized Mr. Perrault's house.

Mr. Perrault explained, however, that these buttons were about fifteen years old and he had changed his views since.

Now the Canadian independence league has issued its plattorm and constitution, but has declined to publish its list of officers and members.

The constitution consists of eighteen clauses, which the first eight are:

1. Dissolution of the colonial relation of independence.
2. New federation to be known as United States of Canada.
3. Provinces to become states with sovereign power.
4. Federal authority to have only such powers as shall be specially delegated to it by sovereign states.
5. No power shall be delegated to the federal authority except with the assent of the majority of delegates of each of the sovereign states convened in a national assembly.
6. Creation of a state militia under command of a federal officer.
7. Universal suffrage.
8. The great highways and services (railways, canals, telegraphs, etc.) to be public property.

Others deal with changes in laws along socialist lines.

SIDETRACKED THREE WEEKS.

A Railroad Engineer Obeyed His Orders to the Letter.

Binghamton, N. Y., Special to the Philadelphia Times.

"Side track at Hampton Junction, Pa., and await orders."

That was the message Hiram Adams, an engineer on the Jersey Central, a branch of the Delaware, Lackawana & Western, received December 15. There had been a small freight wreck on the line and it was thought best to switch his train in temporarily. After the first three hours went by Adams got hungry and went to a hotel. The day passed and no further orders came. The next day and nothing, then a week, two weeks, and finally three passed Adams was living in comfort at his hotel when he received a message to come ahead.

After sending the order the train dispatcher forgot Adams, and when that individual failed to show up it was thought he was sick at his home in Hallstead, Pa. Finally an investigation was made and the startling discovery came that he had been forgotten for three weeks. He has filed with the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western a bill for his hotel expenses and time and half time after the first ten hour on the siding.

He says he did not report for the reason that once before he had asked for further orders and received a sharp reprimand for interfering in business that was not his. He accordingly obeyed orders and now asks the company to settle, saying the Brotherhood will back up his request.

The Morganton Hospital.

In an interview with a Raleigh correspondent, Superintendent Murphy, of the Western Hospital for the insane said: "We have 750 patients. There are 400 applications on file. This doesn't cover all the insane in the western district. I estimate that there are 500 such and that of these perhaps 400 are in jails and 100 in county homes. Most of these are kept at home. In many instances they are kept in specially built log huts, sometimes in a room the walls and doors of which have been strengthened. Not infrequently the head of the family has to quit his work to devote his time and attention to the insane member of his family and thus pauperize the entire family. We want accommodations for 400 more patients. We want $150,000 to provide such accomodations. We will only ask for $25,000 for the maintenance of the additional 400; which is only $60 each a year. That is cheaper than their people or their counties can care for them."

Recruiting For Army.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Active recruiting for the army is in progress in all principal cities of the country. The authorized strength of the regular army at present is 65,000 men, and the recruiting in progress is with a view a maintaining it at the strength after the discharge of the 35,000 volunters June 30th next. All enlistments are for three years and the number of recruits averages about 2,000 a month.

Corn Crop Tied Up on Canal.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 17.—The paralysis of traffic on the Dismal Swamp Canal, owing to a break in a lock at Deep Creek, which is so serious that it will take months to repair it, has held up the shipment of the immense corn crop of the fertile Dismal Swamp alluvial lands. The canal is choked by many cargoes of corn.

BLOODY BATTLE.

HOT FEUDAL WAR IN KENTUCKY.

FIVE PERSONS SHOT AND KILLED.

State Militia Called Out to Quell the Disturbance—Prominent Families Engaged in the Feud.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 18.—Colonel D. Williams, with a composite company of State militia numbering eighty men, under command of Capt Henry Hutchison, with lieutenant James Dodd in charge of one section of Battery A, ten men with one Gatling gun, left here last night for Corbin, in Whitely county, the scene of the wholesale murder and riot of Wednesday night. The militia are under sealed orders from Governor Beckham and will report to Sheriff Sutton of Whitely county for duty in maintaining order and guarding prisoners from mobs which threaten them.

The tragedy which calls for the sending of troops was enacted Wednesday when Rolla White, a young man of Corbin, was stopped by the father of Mary Shotwell, and in the difficulty which followed James Shotwell was shot, dying from his wounds.

There had been bitter feeling between Shotwell, who was a member of the feud faction which has claimed many victims during the past few years, and young White. The father did not want his daughter to marry into the ranks of the enemy. Just what passed between the men is not known, White drew his revolver and fired a bullet into the breast of his sweetheart's father, who fell unconscious to the ground. White ran toward the store of his brother, James White, and took refuge there. The Shotwells are a large family residing in many parts of the county.

The Whites summoned their friends and in a few minutes the town was in the midst of one of the worst riots ever witnessed in a small town. The dead are: James Shotwell, Susan Cox, killed by a stray bullet during promiscuous shooting, Sutton Farris, also killed by a stray bullet. The wounded: Hadley Bradley, wounded by an explosion; Percy Cooper, injured by the explosion. Unknown traveling man, injured by explosion.

The Whites barricaded themselves in the store and prepared for siege. Deputy Sheriff Hitchcock entered the store and White surrendered to him, but refused to be moved from the place. The Whites remained locked in the store until night when a large stick of dynamite was placed under the building. One end of it was torn to pieces by the explosion. The town authorities were helpless to suppress the riot and telegraphed to Sheriff Sutton at the county seat. Sheriff Sutton arrived on the scene at midnight and found White and two of his brothers in a dark room in the store all heavily armed and well supplied with ammunition. After some parleying they admitted the sheriff and his posse who thought it best to remain in the store until morning. In the morning Sheriff Sutton, summoning a strong posse, left for Williamsburg with the prisoners who were accompanied by his brothers an friends. During the entire night there was heavy firing from the direction of the Shotwell home, but the Whites did not return the fire. The Cox woman and Sutton Farris were shot at this time. Several others were wounded.

Relatives of Capt. Pritchett Are Investigating His Death in South River.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 17.—The brother-in-law of Capt. Zachariah Pritchett, of the bugeye Richard Smith, of Crisfield, Md., who was reported drowned from his boat on Tuesday of last week in South River, in this county, arrived here to-day with a detective. The deceased captain had $161 on him, and foul play is suspected. All of his crew are here in jail.

Capt. Joseph Cain, master of a Baltimore dredging boat, which was lying off South River on the night Capt. Pritchett disappeared, states that he heard about midnight cries of "Help," "Murder," coming from the direction of South River.

Sauer Kraut for the Kaiser's Army.

Philadelphia, Jan. 1.—The German government has placed an order for 2,400 tons of sauer kraut with the Meintner Bros. Co., of this city, to be shipped to China for use in the Kaiser's army. The contractors are here now preparing to ship the order, and the kraut will be forwarded to the Pacific coast within a few days. Eighty cars will be required for its transportation.

Postmaster Accused of Robbing Mail.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Jan. 17.—The United States grand jury yesterday returned three indictments against L. V. Valley, former assistant postmaster at Richwood, for robbing registered letters. He is alleged to have stolen hundreds of dollars from Italian railroad laborers who were sending it abroad.

Telegrams Censored.

New York, Jan. 18.—It was announced today that the Government of Venezuela on December 9th established a censorship over all dispatches to and from the United States and it has been strictly in force ever since.

BUTLER ITS FIRST CHAMPION.

The State Reformatory Was First Advocated in the Alliance by Senator Butler.

Hickory Times-Mercury.

One great question before the people is, can and will the present Legislature establish in the State a reformatory for young criminals.

There is not a more timely and humane subject which the law-makers will have to consider.

This is an Alliance question. It was first mentioned, so far as we know, by the State Alliance in one of its sessions at Greensboro. We remember being on the committee to which the resolution favoring such an institution was referred, and that the committee reported unfavorably on it.

We shall never forget how Senator Butler, who was president at the time, took the report. He did not like it; and as no one else seemed to want to oppose the recommendation of the committee, he called some one to the chair and took the floor and we never heard a more convincing argument for anything than he made for the reformatory.

The result was that when the vote was taken, it was unanimous (if we mistake not) for the reformatory, despite the recommendations of the committee.

Hence, Senator Butler was its first effecutual champion in the State. Now everybody says we must have it if it is possible to do so. Will we get it?

WOULD PAY AS INVESTMENT.

Senator Morgan Submits Figures on Nicaraguan Canal Traffic.

Senator Morgan has submitted another report on the Nicaragua Canal. It contains a special statement of Prof. Emory R. Johnson, a member of the isthmian commission, of the traffic resources of the canal, and its effect upon the commercial industries of the United States. Mr. Morgan says the statement "proves conclusively that as an investment, the Nicaragua Canal will earn a highly remunerative profit on a cost of even $200,000,000, which is the extreme estimate of cost presented by the isthmian canal commission."

Prof. Emory in his statement makes a number of statistical estimates. For the year ended June 30, 1899, he says that 3,426,752 cargo tons of United States commerce could have used the canal, and 3,346,377 tons for South, Central, and British America, and 5,766,456 European tonnage. The commission estimates that seven and a half million tons of traffic will be available for the canal in 1914; after the canal has been opened the traffic will increase to a traffic of 11,250,000 tons in 1924.

A dollar a ton is estimated as most feasible. The report says the effect of the canal on transcontinental railways will compel a reduction in rates which will be off set by the large local traffic.

THE COAL TRUST.

All Coal to be Sold Through a Single Agency.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 18.—Now that J. Pierpont Morgan has gained control of the entire Anthracite output, the announcement may be made at any moment that the distribution will in the future be made through a single agency. It is estimated by so doing, a saving of twenty-five cents a ton on commission will be secured. This would mean a total saving of twenty-four million dollars a year. As yet it is not decided what company will take the agency, but it is intimated that the chances lie between the Philadelphia and Reading Coal Company and Iron Company and Temple Company. It is believed that the latter has the best chances.

Why Mayor Hunter Resigned.

Hiawatha, Kan., Jan. 18th.—Because a majority of the city councilmen refused to leave a revival meeting and attend the regular weekly council meeting, Mayor S. Hunter has tendered his resignation. Unable to secure a quorum to transact business Mayor Hunter sent a sheriff to the revival to compel the councilmen to present themselves at the city hall. A majority sent word that they 'had to attend the revival and could not come."

New Orleans Camp Sends Check for $250.

Richmond, Jan. 17.—In connection with news sent out recently that a Confederate camp in New Orleans had repudiated the action of its delegate, Capt. Walsh, in pledging the camp at the Louisville reunion to subscribe $250 to the Jefferson Davis monument fund, Mrs. Norman V. Randolph, chairman of the central committee of the fund, acknowledges the receipt of a check for the amount from Capt. Walsh. In this letter Capt. Walsh says:

"In forwarding check have the satisfaction of knowing not merely that the promise made on behalf of delegates of Camp No. 1 has been carried out, but that the comrades of army of Northern Virginia who served under Stonewall Jackson and Robert E. Lee, have not failed to respond when the call was made to honor the memory of our great leader, Jeffers n Davis."

Bill Introduced in the Utah Legislature Against Polygamy.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 17.—One of the most stringent anti-polygamy laws ever proposed was introduced in the Utah Legislature yesterday by Speaker Glasman of Ogden. The bill provides a maximum penalty of twenty years in the penitentiary for any man found guilty of having more than one wife.

ON CAPITOL SQUARE.

Legislative Notes and Comment.

H. A. London has got an office at last. I am glad of it. The office is a small one but he is not very big himself, and Chatham rabbits will look wise.

Colonel Eugene Cox, of Pitt Co., who four years ago was a candidate for Register of Deeds on the "nigger" ticket, has landed as Assistant Engrossing Clerk.

The heavy weights seem to be M. H. Justice and H. G. Connor and Allen.

Reinhardt, of Catawba collar factory, a hearty good soul is back and everybody who knows him is glad.

There are many new faces connected with the legislature, and how they are going to "chaw 'all they bite is in the hereafter.

The small Ikes with some mouth are plentiful and will do the shooting off upon requisition. Very likely somebody has told them what to say, but not when to stop saying it. It has come to pass that people—some—do not understand the tongue of their country since we got so many public schools—good English is above par.

Hon. F. D. Winston, the white supremacy enumerator of census under Harrison, is present trying to take part.

The Legislature did not meet until the arrival of Mr. Settle Dockery—How could it!

Penitentiary affairs seem to invite general participation. It would be well for some to study how to keep out of it.

Carraway and the same old hat are again in town.

The newly appointed Attorney General has escaped notice.

Smith, of Gates, the young peoples' friend, has returned.

Stubbs is perhaps the laziest, best looking man in the Assembly.

It excites wonder whether the Supreme Court Reportorial peg fits the hole pushed into better than the one lately pulled from.

It is hoped that some of the aroma of the guano pile will be brushed away by the breezes from the capitol.

Mr. R. N. Hackett, of Wilkes, is down looking as if he had not found what he wanted, and the session of the Legislature is most too short.

Mr. F. D. Jones, of Chatham, President of a railroad over there as long as your arm, is here to get his franchise extended.

Capt. C. M. Cooke, of Franklin, genial and jovial as usual, bobs up—the same man he always was, and we expect always will be until earth takes its share of him.

Thomas G. Skinner was here on his own business.

TO REDUCE THE OUTPUT.

So Says the Southern Hosiery Spinners Association.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 17.—At a meeting of the Southern Hosiery Yarn Spinners Association held here today, at which 150,000 spindles were represented in person or by proxy, an order for a curtailment of production was passed. Charles A. Adamson, President of the Association, says this means an entire stoppage of night work. If this does not bring about the desired amount of curtailment, an order may be issued for the mills to run on short time during the week, but this is unlikely.

In view of the the order for the curtailment of production all present list prices of the Southern Hosiery Yarn Spinners Association are abandoned as prices are expected to increase as production is decreased.

Another Big Trust.

New York, Jan. 17.—The Journal and Advertiser to-morrow will print the following:

"The first steps in the formation of a $200,000,000 combination of four existing steel and wire companies were taken yesterday afternoon at a secret meeting in the offices of the Federal Steel Company, attended by the chief representatives of the American Tin Plate, the American Steel and Wire Company, the American Hoop Company and the National Steel Company.

Large Initation Fee.

New York, Jan. 17.—The members of the New York cotton exchange by a vote of 212 to 26, adopted an amendment making the initiation fee in future $10,000 and limiting the membership to 450. There are now about 425 members. Memberships in the past have cost about $5,000.

Cabinet Dinner Cancelled.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Although the President's progress toward recovery from his recent attack of grip has been uninterrupted, it is now probable that the official receptions announced for the winter, as well as the cabinet dinners, will be cancelled.

Died of a Wound Received in the War

Charlotte Observer.

Mr. Robert Garrison, a well-known citizen of Mecklenburg county, and a veteran of the civil war, died at his home in Mallard Creek township, at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. His death was the result of a wound received in the war, thirty-eight years ago.

Mr. Garrison was 58 years old and leaves a wife and four children. His body will be interred in Mallard Creek church yard today.

TOMBS BROKEN BY A FALLING PIPE.

A Mishap at William and Mary College in Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Dispatch.

While workmen were putting a heating apparatus in the chapel of William and Mary College Williamsburg, today, a heavy pipe fell and broke open the tombs of two great men, revealing their bones and dust. In one of the large leaden caskets only dust and a few fragments of bones remained. The wooden casket that had once contained the body of one who was a political leader was gone, but in the other lay the skeleton of Norborne Berkeley, Botetourt Randolph, or Bishop Madison or George Wythe, for only these four, the memory of whose deeds and lives Virginia is proud, were laid to rest within the portals of William and Mary.

The leaden casket in this second tomb had also crumbled into dust, but the shroud draped about the figure in graceful folds, though yellow with age, was in a perfect state of preservation. A guard was at once placed over the tombs, the doors closed and orders given that no one other than workmen be allowed to enter the part of the building occupied by the tombs. As soon as possible the tombs will be repaired, and there is now no danger of any of the remains being disturbed or removed.

A BIG FIRE IN GRAHAM.

Dwelling House, Millinery Store, Drug Store and Telephone Exchange Burned—Loss About $8,000.

Burlington, N. C., Jan. 18.—The most disastrous fire that ever visited Graham occurred today about 12 o'clock noon. The large six room dwelling, occupied by J. J. Snyder and known as the Hunter House, occupied by the Misses Brooks as a millinery store, the Simmons drug store, Dr. Geo. Lon's office, Mebane and Mitchell, brokerage office, and a general storage room were entirely consumed in about an hour and a half. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it began in an upstairs room of the Hunter house. There was a stove with a fire in the room, but no one was in the room at the time that the fire began. The wind was blowing furiously and before assistance could arrive the fire was beyond control. The flames spread from this house to the millinery store of Misses Brooks, and from that store to Simmons' drug store. Desperate efforts were made to confine the flames to the first building, but all in vain. There was no means to fight the fire except buckets, and on such a day there was no hope of success.

Persistent work by the large crowd prevented four houses contiguous to Simmons drug store from burning although one known as the P. R. Harden's stand caught fire and burned through the boxing near the eaves.

The Appalachian Park Would Prove a Good Investment.

Richmond Dispatch.

Senator Pritchard's bill making an appropriation for the purchase of a region in the Appalachian Mountains in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama for a national forest reserve, to be known as the Appalachian National Park, is a commendable measure. As matters stand, the wonderful and beautiful region in question is rapidly being despoiled by the timber-hunter and other irrespectors of the merely aesthetic. It should be preserved in its native grandeur and picturesqueness as far as possible, and this preservation would tend to the material benefit of all contiguous regions, in the surest of the process of denudation now going on in the proposed park area. The Federal provision of national park lands in the West has proved a good investment, from the general business point of view, as well as otherwise. There is every reason to believe that a similar venture in the Appalachian region would prove equally wise, from the standpoint of the principle of the greatest good to the largest number.

West Florida Wants Alabama to Adopt It.

Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 17.—A mass meeting of west Floridians was held here last night in the interest or annexing west Florida to Alabama. Representatives of nearly every county west of the Chattachooche river were present. The proposition was endorsed. The chairman appointed a committee composed of two members from each west Florida county to present the question to the Legislature of Florida and Alabama. Initial steps toward organizing a West Florida Annexation Association were taken.

Democrats Expelled From Party For Voting For Quay.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 17.—At a joint caucus of the Senate and House Democrats today, resolutions were adopted expelling from the party and denouncing in very vigorous language, those Democrats who aided the Quay Republicans in the organization of the House and Wm. J. Galvin, who also voted for Mr. Quay for United States Senator.

Four Men Killed.

Norway, Maine, Jan. 18.—Four men were killed and several injured in the collision of two freights early today near Locke's mills. One train carried a large amount of explosives. When the trains struck these exploded. The burning embers were scattered for some distance.

Mr. B. C. Beckwith, of Raleigh, went to Washington last Thursday and delivered the certificate of North Carolina's vote to the president pro tem of the Senate.

The Mount Vernon Roller Mills plant was destroyed by fire one night last week. Loss partially covered by insurance.

THE LAW MAKERS.

CONDENSED REPORT OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE LEGISLATURE.

MOST IMPORTANT BILLS INTRODUCED AND PASSED.

The State's Solons Mostly Making Music for the Taxpayers—Vile Epithets Applied to Populists.

Two bills of general interest were passed in the Senate Wednesday evening. One offered by Senator Gudger, of Buncombe, authorizing Congress to secure land in Western North Carolina for the Appalachian National Park, and the other by Senator Henderson, repealing the amendment to the code adopted by the Legislature of 1899 forbidding the formation of corporations under the laws of this State with a capital stock of more than $1,000,000.

A petition was presented by Senator Roberson, of Bladen, in the contested election case of Kennedy (Populist) vs. Currie (Dem.).

Sen. Wood introduced a bill to amend chapter 384, Laws 1899, regarding separate apartments on railroads and steamboats for white and colored races.

Senator Brown introduced a bill to prohibit the sale of cigarettes in North Carolina.

Sen. Smith: To appropriate $300,000 for the public schools.

Mr. McLean, of Scotland, introduced in the House a bill providing that the State Prison be empowered to manufacture fertilizer for agricultural purposes.

Mr. Williard, of New Hanover, introduced a bill to make first Monday in September Labor Day.

Ever since the Legislature has been in session there have been persons in the lobby of the House who seemed to have no other mission than making vulgar and ungentlemanly remarks about the Populist and Republican members.

Mr. Ebbs, of Madison, rose to a question of personal privilege, and made the complaint that from the back of the House, where he sat, it was almost impossible to hear some of the debates near the Speaker's desk, on account of the comments and talking of persons in the lobby back of the seats. He said that during the discussion and voting on the bill to increase the Governor's salary all sorts of vile epithets had been applied to himself and the two Populist members just in front of him, because they voted against the bill. Accordingly, he found it necessary to appeal to the Chair for protection while performing his duty as a member of the House.

THURSDAY.

Senate—Mr. Aycock, of Wayne, introduced a bill to create a new State text-book commission and secure for use in public school uniform text books. Ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

Bill allowing commissioners of Iredell county to pay indebtedness incurred by building court house; passed third reading and ordered enrolled.

Bill to incorporate the bank of Clinton; amended slightly by the committee and passed third reading.

Bill for the relief of the dangerous insane department of the State hospital at Raleigh. (Provides for the payment of the six thousand dollars advanced by Treasury Worth, and appropriates seven hundred dollars for immediate necessity.) Passed third reading and sent to the House.

Appalachian Park or Foresty Reserve Bill passed by both Houses and became a law.

House.—Mr. Willard's bill which makes the first Monday in September Labor Day, passed its readings.

Bill authorizing the commissions of Yancey county to levy a special tax, passed its second reading.

Bill incorporating the town of Apple Tree, in Greene county passed its second reading.

Senate bill, appropriating $700 for immediate support of criminal insane and ratifies expenditure of $6,000 for the support of the criminal insane during the past two years; passed all of its readings.

FRIDAY.

Senate.—Mr. Travis introduced Senate bill, to provide four months schools in every county in North Carolina. Committee on Education.

Bills passed to incorporate the town of East Lumberton.

To allow the commissioners of Wilson county to issue bonds (to the extent of $15,000) to improve county court house; passed second reading.

To prevent obstruction of streams in Mitchell county locust pin factories.

SENATOR TRAVIS' SCHOOL BILL.

Following is the text of the four-month school bill introduced in the Senate Friday by Senator Travis of Halifax:

An Act to provide four months school term in every county in the State.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That the sum of $200,000 be and the same hereby is appropriated for the use of of the public schools of the State for each of the years 1901 and 1902.

Sec. 2. That said appropriation shall be paid out to the several

[Continued on Second Page.]

THE CAUCASIAN

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THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Governor Aycock devotes a great portion of his message to the General Assembly to a discussion of the educational needs, the "nigger" question and the necessity for fair elections in the future.

He discusses at length the "evils of negro suffrage," showing the conditions that existed in the South when the ballot was first placed in the hands of the negro, and charges him with ingratitude "for not dividing politically in view of the fact that so much has been done for that race by the white people. But Gov. Aycock, now that the negro has the right guaranteed by the constitution to vote, would not be so hostile to his exercise of that right, if he in a great measure, voted the Democratic ticket. Therefore, it is not so much against the negro's right to vote, that the Governor's hostility is manifested, but because the negro has not voted the Democratic ticket or "divided" in politics

When a negro votes that ticket he immediately, in the eyes of the Democratic machine, becomes a "very respectable" and "influential" member of his race.

If negro suffrage is an evil, as the Governor contends, then it is no less an evil because a negro votes the Democratic ticket. There can be no middle ground on that proposition, an evil is an evil wherever found.

That the Governor is hostile to the negro solely because only a few of them vote the Democratic ticket, is shown in the following extract from his message:

"We still hoped that they would follow the example of the whites and divide their vote along the lines of governmental, industrial and moral issues."

If the negro had followed the "example of the whites" as Governor Aycock suggests, then according to his logic, there would be no ground for hostility to the negro exercising the right to vote.

The Governor and his friends have all along argued that a negro's vote should not be used "to kill a white man's vote." To be consistent and honest he should advocate the absolute disfranchisement of all negroes. For if the negro joins the Democratic party then he "kills the vote" of some Populist or white Republican.

Again, if it be wrong for the negro vote to be used to "kill a white man's vote," then it is a damnable evil when the Democrats in Halifax, Edgecombe, Craven, Bertie and other "nigger" counties count the negro vote against white Republicans and Populists in the western counties.

This negro vote was counted for Governor Aycock last August, and it swelled his majority many thousands, thereby offsetting thousands of white votes cast for his opponent.

Therefore, it seems that the burden of machine Democratic opposition to the negro is due to the fact that he has not, as yet, solidly aligned himself with the Democratic party. When he does all opposition will melt away as quickly as the mist before the morning sun.

The Governor discusses also the constitutional amendment which was adopted by "force and fraud." He argues that when the negro possesses the "capacity" he should be allowed to vote, insisting that the State should be governed by "virtue and intelligence."

It is indeed amazing that one born on North Carolina soil, and familiar with the inclinations, temperament and characteristics of the negro should believe that "virtue" can be given to a race of people by constitutional or statutory enactment Experience in the State has taught those who have carefully watched the development of the race that the educated negro dude is the most vicious in principle when it comes to act in matters political.

The old ex slave as a rule, is inoffensive, kind and docile, but he is the one who is to be disfranchised If "virtue" is not implanted in man by Providence, instances would be rare indeed where it could be legislated in him.

If the negro today is a vicious element in politics on account of his ignorance he will be doubly so when he receives a smattering of an education.

In justifying the adoption of the amendment by methods that would be a disgrace to the civilization of the early centuries, Governor Aycock says:

"It distinctly looks to the future, it sees the day of universal suffrage."

"Universal suffrage" indeed! This plainly gives the lie to all the campaign declarations. The redshirts were opposed to the negro, apparently, because his vote, in some sections was cast against the Democratic machine, and was used to "kill some white man's vote," but now the Governor comes forward with a declaration that the present curtailment will eventually result in "universal suffrage."

What will be done ten years hence when a large proportion of the negroes will again be voters?

Will not the "ghost" of "nigger domination" again arise to destroy the peace and harmony of the State? Or has the Governor already received the assurance from the educated town negro dude and the negro school teacher that all negroes will vote the Democratic ticket?

Governor Aycock, in recommending the measures for the increase of the public school facilities is only following the advice and lead of THE CAUCASIAN for many years The farmers' legislature of 1891 took the initial in educational matters, by increasing the appropriations for such purpose, and it was their action then, which has given such an impetus to the educational movement. The State sorely needs adequate funds to maintain school term for 4 months, and this legislature will be derelect of its duty if it fails to make proper provision for the education of the poor children of the State.

The Governor urges the legislature to enact an election law "so fair that the civilized world shall recognize the high purpose with which we have wrought to see this day."

This will sound strange to thousands of his fellow citizens in North Carolina when they reflect that the August election was carried by the most gigantic and wholesale fraud that ever disgraced any State.

No doubt Governor Aycock clearly sees the "hand-writing on the wall." No doubt he sees that such corruption and fraud, that "smell to heaven," will soon bring his party to absolute annihilation.

Why did he not advocate honest elections during the last campaign? Why did he wait until he became a beneficiary of the fraud before advocating honesty?

This thought will impress all honest citizens of the State.

The machine not only stole thousands of votes from the Populists and Republicans, but they likewise stole votes from General Carr, who was a candidate for the Senate against the ballot-stuffing machine.

Governor Aycock cannot be unmindful of the fact that Gen. Carr was the victim of fraudulent methods, and realizing this fact, is probably the motive behind his recommendation for honest and fair elections.

The fact that so much space in the message is devoted to the discussion of fair elections is positive and convincing proof that the elections held under Democratic administrations were unfair and unjust and fraudulent,

Does the Governor feel happy at the thought that he is a beneficiary of the very dishonest and corrupt political methods that were practiced in the August election, whereby he obtained the high office of Governor?

The Governor also declares that the "mob has no place in our civilization." This utterance would have been exceedingly timely if it had been made prior to the August election. Mob law, anarchy and redshirtism prevailed in many sections of the State, and Governor Aycock either endorsed them or acquiesced in their practice.

VALUABLE FARMERS' BULLETINS.

On the front page of this issue of THE CAUCASIAN we publish a list of over a hundred Farmers' Bulletins, from No. 16 to No. 120, covering almost every subject pertaining to agricultural interests. Many of these bulletins are very valuable and every farmer in the State would find the information in them of great use to him.

We suggest that every farmer look over this list and write to one of the Senators of the State or to the member of Congress from his district and ask that such of these bulletins as he thinks would be of most interest and value to him be sent to him.

These bulletins have all been prepared by able and experienced men in their special lines, and contain practical experience gleaned from work done at the various agricultural experiment stations, as well as the experience of leading farmers themselves in every part of the country. By studying these bulletins nearly every farmer can save wasting a year in making an experiment that may be a costly failure to him

Much more information on many more kindred subjects is contained in these bulletins than would appear from the titles. For instance, Farmers' Bulletin No. 16 is entitled "Leguminous Plants." That bulletin discusses one of the most important questions to every farmer, namely, how to fertilize his land in the most economical and effective way. It is well known that the most expensive part of every fertilizer is nitrogen When a commercial fertilizer is bought a large part of its value depends upon how much nitrogen it contains and a large part of the expense is due to this nitrogen. The phosphoric acid and potash, other important gredients, are not so expensive. The bulletin referred to discusses these questions and shows what kind of plants absorb nitrogen from the air, and how a farmer by planting that kind of plants, chief among which is the cow pea, red clover, etc., on land that is lying out, can improve this land on account of the large amount of nitrogen which the cow pea and other similar plants inhale from the atmosphere and carry to the soil. Therefore, when a farmer improves land by sowing such nitrogen producing plants he can buy for the next year a fertilizer containing chiefly potash and phosphoric acid and less nitrogen, and thus get exactly the fertilizer that the land needs at a greatly reduced cost to what he would pay if he bought a fertilizer containing the usual amount of nitrogen. This bulletin is well written and is very practical, instructive and valuable. The same can be said of nearly every one of the others.

We urge our readers to get such of these bulletins as they are interested in and read them. Any farmer can read two or three of them in an evening after supper.

THEY ADMIT ITS UNFAIRNESS.

The discussion of a new election law, that should be fair and honest, was indulged in by members of the joint committee of the Senate and House on elections Saturday night.

From the report of the speeches made on that occasion the manifestly iniquitous and unfair election law now on the statute books, was very generally admitted.

Mr. Craig expressed the desire that the committees should begin the work of framing an honest election at once. He advocated the enactment of a law that will guarantee the counting of every vote as cast.

Mr. Craig said he favored the present infamous law when it was passed, because he thought then that "conditions existed then which made its passage necessary."

He further said that as such "conditions" no longer exist, he "wanted it said that this legislature has enacted the fairest election law in the United States."

People throughout the State will very generally applaud the enactment of the "fairest election law in the United States," and it is to be hoped that Mr. Craig's wishes in this respect will be fully realized.

Senator Broughton said that the "Governor voiced the sentiment of the people of the State" in his message urging the passage of a fair election law.

It is no doubt true that people believe in honest methods in politics and this fact is fully realized now by the ballot stuffing machine who know that a continuance of their damnable methods will be destructive.

WHY THERE ARE SO MANY OF THE SMITH FAMILY.

The Philadelphia Medical Journal contains the following:

"FIVE BOYS AT ONE BIRTH.

"A remarkable birth is reported from Mary's Home, near Jefferson City, Mo., where Mrs. Henry Smith gave birth to five baby boys at one time. They are reported to be well and weigh a total of 30 pounds. Smith has been married less than seven years and is the father of sixteen children. Only one time has there been born a single baby. The others are two pair of twins, two pair of triplets, and the quintette."

Does this not explain why there are so many Smiths? This seems to explain the conspiracy on the part of the Smiths to populate and rule the world. There are now six Smiths in Congress, and if this thing keeps up there will soon be more than a majority.

But speaking of kidnapping children for a reward, wonder if any kidnapper will ever get so hard up as to kidnap one of Mrs. Henry Smith's sixteen children, all under six years of age, and expect him to offer a $25,000 reward.

NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL REPORTED

Carries $77,016,635, the Largest Ever Reported to the House.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The Naval Appropriation Bill was reported to the House today with an elaborate statement of its provisions, by Chairman Foss, of the Naval Committee. The bill carries $77,016,635, the largest ever reported to the House from the Committee on Naval Affairs. This is $11,865,718 above the bill of last year, and $10,229,395 below the estimates submitted by the Navy Department. The bill provides that not more than one battleship or armored cruiser shall be built in one yard or by one party and the usual provision is made that at least one and not more than two of the battleships and armored cruisers shall be built on the Pacific coast.

The following places receive appropriations for naval work:

Norfolk $594,260; Key West $144,000; Pensacola $41,500; Algiers, Da., $230,000; Dry Tortugas $100,000.

The report says in part as to armor:

"Your committee also provides under the increase of the navy an appropriation of $4,000,000 for armor and armament for ships now under construction. It will be remembered that Congress wisely solved the perplexing question of providing armor plate for our ships last year by the enactment of a provision giving the Secretary of the Navy full power to buy armor at such a price as in his judgment might seem reasonable or just, or build an armor factory, toward which $4,000,000 was appropriated.

Why Dead Letter Postoffice Clerks Lost Their Jobs.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Several clerks in the dead letter office of the Postoffice Department have been dismissed, on charges of having bought packages at the dead letter sale, knowing in advance their contents and falsely representing their character in the catalogue. The scheme was unearthed by the Postmaster General in an investigation carried on for a month.

In order to avert suspicion by the presence of local detectives in the office during the sale, on December 17, last, inspectors from New York Boston and Maryland carried on the investigation and located the plot in the property division of the dead letter office.

The Charlotte Observer of Monday stated that it received news of the Queen's illness from Cowes, ten miles from London in 45 minutes from the time it was sent.

THE LAW MAKERS.

(Continued from First Page.)

counties of the State upon the order of the State Board of Education.

Sec. 3. That in distributing said appropriation the State Board of Education shall first ascertain every county in the State in which there is not raised sufficient school funds to run its schools 4 months in each of said years, and then shall apportion to each of such counties from said appropriation an amount sufficient, when added to the school fund raised within the county, to afford each of such counties four months of school. The remainder of said appropriation, if any, they shall distribute to all the counties of the State per capita.

Sec 4. That the State Board of Education shall make the distribution above mentioned as early in each year as practicable.

SATURDAY.

Senate—The only petition presented was by Henderson from the ministers of the Moravian church of Salem, in favor of the establishment of a State Reformatory. A bill was introduced by Mr. Crisp to place the names of several persons on the pension roll. All referred to committee on pensions.

By Mr. Webb: S. B 167, to supply certain public documents to the Agricultural and Mechanical College. Referred to committee on education.

By Mr. Foushee: S. B. 168, providing for the holding of primary elections. Referred to committee on elections.

By Mr. James: S. B. 172, to amend section 3737 of the Code, affecting the fees of solicitors of judicial districts. Judiciary committee.

By Mr. Ward: S. B. 172, to pay J S. Mann balance claimed to be due him as Shell Fish Commissioner for the years 1891 and 1893. Committee on salaries and fees

The following Senate bills passed final reading and were ordered engrossed and sent to the House for concurrence.

No. 113—For the relief of the Clerk of Superior Court of Robeson county

No. 121—To authorize commissioners of Wilson county to issue bonds for the improvement of the court house.

No. 115—To amend chapter 109, Acts 1897, in reference to the trial of civil actions.

Joint Resolution 169, inviting Dr J. L. M Curry, Treasurer Peabody fund, to address General Assembly, at a date to be fixed.

The Senate had been in session less than an hour when it adjourned until Monday in honor to the memory of General Robert E. Lee, it being Gen. Lee's birthday.

HOUSE

House petitions were presented as follows:

By Mr. McIntosh, from citizens of Yancey, to prohibit the manufacture of whiskey in the county.

By Mr. Hartley of Davie, a petition from citizens of that county asking for an additional term of court in December.

A resolution authorizing the joint committee on public roads to employ a stenographer at a cost of $25 was passed.

The House adjourned early in honor of the birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

MONDAY.

Senate—Following are some of the new bills introduced:

By Mr. Woodard: S. B. 174—To change old and established new boundary line between Wilson and Pitt counties. Referred to the committee on counties.

By Mr. Broughton: S B. 178—To provide for the erection of additional buildings at the A. & M. College. Committee on Education. Also S. B. 179, providing for the support and maintenance of A. & M. College. Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Pinnix: S. B. 180—To incorporate the town of Jonesville, Yadkin county.

The following bill passed:

S. B. 151: To authorize the levy of a special tax for Ashe county, to pay general indebtedness (not to exceed 20 cents on $100 worth of property and 60 cents on each poll any one year) Passed second reading.

House—The following bills passed their several readings:

H. B. 30, repealing Chap 426, public laws of 99, respecting wild fowls, placing a premium on hawk scalps.

H B. 18, to regulate the working of convicts in Pasquotank county.

Petitions were read as follows:

By Mr. Basco, of Camden, from citizens of Camden county asking for a ferry across Pasquotank river at Elizabeth City and against the passage of the bill to repeal Chapter 103, laws of '97.

By Mr. Whitaker, of Forsythe, a petition for an act requiring street railway companies to protect motormen.

By Mr. Baldwin, of Forsythe, from members of the Winston-Salem Association of the alumni of the University of North Carolina, asking for an increase in the annual appropriation to the University.

New measures were introduced as follows:

H. B 327, by Mr. Curtis, of Buncombe: An act to change the boundary lines of Buncombe and Madison counties. Mr. Curtis also introduced a bill to tax dealers in pistols.

H B. 332, by Mr. Ebbs, of Madison: An act to prevent kidnapping and to punish persons for committing that crime.

H. B 349, by Mr. Carson, of Alexander: To amend the constitution of North Carolina.

H. B. 350, by Mr. Carson, of Alexander: An act to restore the writ of mandamus to its ancient dignity.

H B 354, by Mr. McKethan, of Cumberland: An act defining the liability of insurance companies in certain cases.

H B 359, by Mr. Dula, of Mecklenburg: An act to protect primary elections and conventions of political parties and to punish frauds committed thereon and to provide for a party registration of voters in cities

H. B. 364, by Mr. McIntosh, of Yancey: To place the names of ex-Confederate soldiers on the pension list.

The bill to prevent kidnapping, introduced by Mr. Ebbs, of Madison, is an important measure. The text of this bill is as follows:

An act to prevent kidnapping in North Carolina, and punish persons for committing that crime.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Sec. 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, to wilfully knowingly and without lawful authority, forcibly or secretly to confine or imprison any other person within this State against his will, or forcibly carry or send such person out of the State, or forcibly seize or confine or inveigle, or kidnap any other person, with the intent to cause such person to be secretly confined or imprisoned in this State against his will, or to cause such person to be sent out of the State against his will, for the purpose of extorting money or other valuable things, from such person or the parents of such person, or those standing IN LOCO PARENTIS, or for any other unlawful purpose any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed to be guilty of a felony, and shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary at hard labor, not exceeding twenty years

Sec 2. That the provisions contained in the first section of this act shall not apply, or extend to a parent, or those standing IN LOCO PARENTIS, taking his or her minor child, unless such parent, or those standing IN LOCO PARENTIS, is deprived of the right to have the custody of such child by the order of a court of competent jurisdiction

Sec. 3 That every person convicted of the crime as mentioned in the first section of this act shall be deemed infamous, and shall forever thereafter be rendered incapable of holding any office of honor, trust or profit, of voting at any election, or serving as a juror, unless he is again restored to such rights by the terms of a pardon for the crime, or otherwise according to law.

Sec. 4. That all laws and clauses of law in conflict with this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

(Continued on Third Page.)

PLOT TO KILL PROMINENT AMERICANS

A Society Formed in Greece and New York for That Purpose.

New York, Jan. 21.—Elias Masuras, a Greek, the complainant in an assault case which came before city Judge Kellogg, of Yonkers, N. Y. this morning, told a startling tale of a plot of Greek anarchists to kill prominent Americans and would have told more had the court not stopped him and turned him over to the police, that they might quietly investigate the case. Several arrests have already been made, and a number more are planned.

On the stand Masuras said that in Greece he had been a member of an anarchist society. Some time ago it fell to his lot to kill a public man in United States, and he was ordered to come to this country and place himself under the orders of the American branch of the society. He never heard the name of the man he was to murder and understood that, as in other cases, the man who was to be the victem was to be selected after his arrival in this country. After reaching America Masuras, according to his own story, went to Yonkers and affiliated himself with a branch of the organization there as well as one in New York. Finally he became frightened, withdrew and refused to carry out the mission entrusted to him. From the time he left the organization he was annoyed and threatened by members of the society.

He remained firm in his determination not to obey the orders, however, and yesterday six of the men came here and begged him to return. When he still refused, one of the six, which one he could not say, attempted to stab him. The blow was aimed too high, however, Masuras was apparently willing to tell more about the society, but Judge Kellogg adjourned the hearing and committed the prisoner to jail pending further examination. Masuras was examined by the police, and as a result the warrants were issued Joseph and James Kiptaukias and Frank Hestalgus were arrested by the police One other Yonkers man and two New Yorkers are named on other warrants and the police are searching for them. The police assert that they believe the story told by Masuras, and they say that the affair has led to the discovery of an anarchist band of a dangerous character.

PERUNA PROTECTS THE FAMILY.

Coughs and Colds. Grip and Catarrh.

The Roberts Family, of Falls City, Neb., Are Healthy and Happy—A Rare Sight in These Days. They Say, "We Think Peruna Is The Greatest Medicine On Earth."

No man is better known in the state of Nebraska than Mr. Carl T. Roberts, contractor and mason. A typical American—active, shrewd and full of business sagacity. He is not only a provider for his family, but a protector. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he writes, among other things, as follows:

"Our boy, James, had the membranous croup, and after he recovered he was subject to repeated attacks of lung fever. Our boy, Charlie, was also subject to attacks of pneumonia and pleurisy. Our third boy, John, was subject to fever and ague (malarial) and liver trouble. Your remedy, Peruna, cured my boys entirely, and now I have three of the healthiest boys in the state of Nebraska, which I attribute to your medicine. My wife had stomach trouble which Peruna also cured. Altogether for my whole family we have used nineteen bottles of Peruna, and have thus saved $500 in doctors' bills. I am a contractor and mason by trade, and am known all over Nebraska. I have had a stomach trouble which has been greatly relieved by your remedy, Peruna, for which I am still taking it. We think it is the greatest medicine on earth."—C. T. Roberts, Falls City, Nebraska.

Mr. T. G. Walker, Carneiro, Kansas, writes: "It is with pleasure that I report that I am better than I have been for many years. I believe Peruna is without a doubt the best medicine that was ever used in a family. It has cured my nervousness, with which I had been afflicted for a great number of years."

It is a fact of ever-increasing astonishment that so many otherwise sensible and provident people will, for the neglect of so simple a precaution as to have a bottle of Peruna at hand, bring upon themselves the needless suffering and foolish expense that a practitioner of medicine is forced to witness every day.

As soon as the value of Peruna is fully appreciated by every household, both as a preventive and cure of these affections, tens of thousands of lives will be saved, and hundreds of thousands of chronic, lingering cases of disease prevented. Peruna is a household safeguard.

A complete work on chronic catarrh sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Army Bill Passed Senate—Republican Senators Caucus—The President Receiving.

Special to the CAUCASIAN.

The Army Reorganization Bill passed the Senate last Thursday by a vote of 43 to 23, Senators Morgan, McLaurin, Lindsay and Sullivan, Democrats, voting for the bill.

The Republican Senators held a caucus Friday morning to decide upon the most important measures that should be given consideration. It is stated that they agreed that the Ship Subsidy bill should be brought up in the Senate as unfinished business, but this measure will have to give place to the appropriation bills.

It is reported that Senator Pettigrew will sternly oppose this bill, and that he will offer a substitute empowering the government to construct and operate merchant vessels instead of giving a subsidy to private corporations.

In an interview sometime ago Sen. Pettigrew declared that the farmers who raise the produce were more entitled to a subsidy than the ship owners

A vigorous fight will be made against this bill, and it is very doubtful if it can pass this session.

The President, who has been confined to his bed for quite a while with a severe attack of the grip is recovering. Owing to his illness the invitations to some of his receptions had to be cancelled.

The House has had under consideration for some days a bill to codify all the Postal laws

The River and Harbor bill carrying an appropriation of sixty millions, is now being considered by the Senate Committee on Commerce.

Senators Pritchard, Martin and Tillman and Representatives Alexander, Kluttz and Kitchen appeared before the Senate Committee on Finance Friday and urged a reduction of the tax on tobacco.

President McKinley in a message to Congress strongly endorsed and urged the establishment of a national park in the mountains of Western North Carolina

Would tax Oil and Gas.

Charleston, W. Va, Jan. 13.—A bill has been introduced in the House by delegate Laughlin, of Ohio county, to tax the oil produced in West Virginia one cent per barrel and the gas half a cent per thousand feet. It has created a big stir among oil men, and is liable to precipitate one of the hardest fights in the session. The bill was prepared and is being championed before the committee on finance by State Treasurer Kendall, and has a pretty strong following among those who wish to see the State's revenue largely intreased.

Lee's Birthday in Richmond.

Richmond, Va, Jan. 19—Lee's birthday was celebrated here today by a closing of the State and city public offices, a parade of the local companies of the Seventieth Virginia regiment, and the firing of an artillery salute by the Richmond Howitzers.

The first issue of the Commoner, Mr. Bryan's newspaper, went to press Tuesday. It is said that Mr. Bryan ran off the first few sheets himself.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN ELIZABETH CITY

Heart of the City Swept by Flames—$100,000 Went Up in Smoke.

Elizabeth City, Jan. 21.—Elizabeth City was swept by a hurricane of fire Sunday morning. Six mercantile buildings in the business center of the town were destroyed and $100,000 went up in smoke and flame. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin. It broke out in the John L Sawyer store at three o clock Sunday morning. At one time it seemed impossible to stay its terrible ravages, and Norfolk was asked for assistance. Finally the heroic struggles of our brave firemen, sheathed in ice, was crowned with success, and the request for assistance was cancelled.

A list of the losses, with insurance, follows:

Sharber & White, stock $30 000, insurance $10,000; Sharber building $6,000, insurance $2,000; Kramer & Williams building $4,000, insurance $1,500; P H. Williams $3,300, insurance $1,300; John L. Sawyer, stock $21,000, insurance $14,000, building $3,000, insurance $2,350; J. B. Flora, building $6,000, insurance $3,000. Dr. J. E. Wood, Fulmer & Co., Tatem, Mann & Co., New York Racket Store, J. B. Ferebee, Hathaway Bros., Louis Selig, M. Hill and Mrs. Maggie Trafton are also among those sustaining serious losses.

Held on Charge of Assault of Three Little Girls.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 20—On the charge of assaulting three little girls, not one of whom is more than thirteen years of age, Edward Fraley, a Portsmouth upholsterer, is under arrest in that city. The officers who served the warrants upon Fraley had to use strategy to get their prisoner to the station house, as the father of one of the children was searching for Fraley with a gun determined to kill him on sight.

The prisoner has not sought to obtain bail. The story of the children is that Fraley enticed them into his establishment singly and in couples by small gifts of money.

Special Prayer for the Queen.

Staunton, Va., Jan. 20day at Trinity Episcopal Church, a special prayer was offered for Queen Victoria. There are many English people who attend Trinity Church, which was built from brick made in England and brought in sailing vessels to Virginia.

Hazing Prohibited at West Point

The exposure of the dastardly hazing outrages committed at the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., has caused the management of that institution to abolish the practice of hazing in the school.

Jefferson Davis Inaugrated Governor.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 18.—Gov. Jefferson Davis was inaugurated today before the Senate and House in joint session. After his inaugural address the oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Bunn. The ceremonies were very unostentatious.

The Superintendents of the graded schools of the State met here Saturday. They seemed to differ as to who should select the books used in the schools.

BLOOD DISEASES

can be cured only by a complete system of treatment which neutralizes and drives out all of the poison and at the same time builds up the general health of the patient. Dr. Hathaway's method of treating the different stages of this disease stops the outward signs at once and quickly brings about a thorough and permanent cure of every portion of the body affected, and all this is done in such a way that the patient does not need to isolate himself or give up his business, nor does he suffer for the balance of his life from salivation or any other reflex action of administered drugs.

The patient is simply made again a perfectly well, sound man, with all danger of transmitting the disease removed.

Dr. Hathaway also treats with the same guarantee of success, Loss of Manly Vigor, and other chronic diseases of men, including all Kidney and Urinary and Sexual disorders, Varicocele, Stricture, etc.

Dr. Hathaway's new sixty-four page book, treating fully of all the diseases which he treats and telling of his method, together with a great deal of valuable information which will help anyone to examine his own condition, will be sent FREE on application, as will also carefully prepared self-examination blanks.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.
Consultation and advice free at office or by mail.
NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co. 224 "D" South Broad Street Atlanta Ga.

THE CAUCASIAN

The Leading Weekly in North Carolina.

The Farmer and Mechanic's Paper.

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE AND FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY.

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OUR GRAND CLUB RATE.

Send us Five Cash Subscriptions, and we will send you the Paper one year Free; or if you are already a Subscriber we will move up your date one year.

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One Year for $1.25.

The HOME AND FARM is an Eight-page, Semi-Monthly Agricultural Paper!

If you wish to reach the People advertise in THE CAUCASIAN.

Agents wanted in every Neighborhood. Write for rates.

CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., January 24, 1901.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

The Express Company at Asheville has an unclaimed corpse in its office.

Tonight the Blind Institution will give an entertainment to the Legislature.

Hon. Josiah Turner, of Hillsboro, made us a pleasant call on Monday evening.

Look at the label on your paper and if your subscription has expired send in a renewal.

Now is the time to subscribe to the CAUCASIAN, so you will get the proceedings of the Legislature.

Ira Newton, of Elkenton, N. C., a student of the University, died at Chapel Hill Tuesday morning.

The little four year old son of Mr. Morris Haskell, of Durham, was burned to death Monday afternoon.

Capt. S. B. Waters, a citizen of New Berne, fell dead in his boat while hunting ducks on Trent River Tuesday afternoon.

Would you believe the News and Observer is not in favor of building a fertilizer factory at the penitentiary, the first bill proposed by this legislature, it was not in favor of.

"OUR EXCELLENT GOVERNOR."

Gov. Russell Endorsed by the Assistant Door-Keeper of the House.

On Saturday before the inauguration Gov. Russell sent a message to the House of Representatives by Mr. Cade, his private secretary. When Mr Cade arrived at the door of the House the door-keeper stepped about half way up the aisle of the House and said: "Mr. Speaker—a message from our excellent Governor." Mr. Cade was then admitted with the message.

THE LAW MAKERS.

(Continued from Second Page.)

TUESDAY.

Senate—Mr. London introduced a bill to amend section 616 of the Code in reference to the filing of complaints in actions to titles to office, extending time from ten to thirty days. Referred to judiciary committee.

By Mr. Henderson: S. B 290, making provision for exhibit by the State at the Pan American Exposition at Buffalo, N. Y, beginning next May. Referred to committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Foy: S. B. 191, amending the oyster law in its application to Pender county. Committee on Fish and Fisheries.

By Mr. Vann: S. B. 194, to protect owners of timber, Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Broughton: S. B 200, for the relief of the D. and D. and B. Institution.

BILLS PASSED.

S. B. 157, To levy a special tax in Anson county, on third reading was passed and sent to the House.

S. B. 162, H. B. ——: To incorporate United Sons and Daughters of Salem (colored) of Wilmington was passed and ordered enrolled, being exempted from $50 tax fee.

S. B. 156, H. B. 127: To provide for government, etc., of the James Walker Hospital of Wilmington. Passed and ordered enrolled.

S. B. 125, H. B. 176: To change the legal date of "Labor Day" in North Carolina from the first Tuesday to the first Monday in September, so as to conform to the holiday in other States.

S. B. 83: To prevent locust-pine manufactories from obstructing streams. Passed and sent to the House.

S. B. 171: For relief of P. K. Kidder, a Confederate veteran, exempting him from peddler's tax. Passed and enrolled.

S. B. 159, H. B. 15: To amend the Edgecombe county stock law. Passed and enrolled.

At twelve o'clock the vote for United States Senator was taken. Mr. Simmons received 36 votes. The Republicans gave their complimentary vote to Richmond Pearson, he receiving 8 votes.

House—Most important new bills introduced were as follows:

H. B. 371—By Mr. Thompson of Onslow—An act to raise additional revenue having for its purpose the levying of a graduated tax on the gross earnings of railroads.

H. B. 372—By Mr. Brittain of Randolph—An act to repeal section 2 of chapter 353, laws of 1897 regulating stock law elections.

An act to amend chapter 22 of the private laws of 1893, relative to the Aberdeen and Rock Fish Railroad.

H. B. 387—By Mr. Willard of New Hanover—An act to provide home rule for North Carolina cities.

Bills passed:

H. B. 46, authorizing the board of commissioners of New Hanover to pay the chairman a salary of $50 per month.

H. B. 125, prohibiting the killing of quail in Rowan county between certain dates.

H. B. 126, repealing section 2, chapter 440, of the Laws of North Carolina relating to certain waters in New Hanover county.

At twelve o'clock the vote for U. S. Senator was taken, Mr. Simmons receiving 88 votes, and Pearson, who received the complimentary vote of the Republicans, 18.

By request Senator Butler's name was not put in nomination in either house.

Fire in Her Cargo of Cotton.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 20.—The British steamer Hellener, from Galveston, Texas, to Liverpool, England, via Norfolk, Va., loaded with cotton, arrived in port at noon, today, with her cargo on fire in the forward hatch. The fire was discovered on the 18th. A survey was ordered for to-morrow. There are 9,000 bales of cotton aboard the steamer. The extent of the damage is not ascertained.

The government of Chile has bought 400 freight cars in the United States.

THE QUEEN PASSES AWAY.

CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN AT HER BEDSIDE.

At Half Past Six O'Clock Tuesday Evening the Queen Breathed Her Last—England Grief Stricken.

Victoria, Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, passed away at Cowes, Isle of Wight, Tuesday evening a 6:30 o'clock

The Queen was in her 82nd year, and had been in ill health for several weeks. Three physicians had been with her during her illness, and they and her children and grandchildren were all gathered around her bedside when the end came. Queen Victoria had the longest reign of any Queen in history. The whole world mourns with Great Britain in her loss. The Queen's oldest son, Edward VII, Prince of Wales, succeeds to the throne.

IN THE SHADOW OF THE CAPITOL.

News Notes and Timely Topics Current on the Square.

It is said that Mrs. Russell offered to prepare a luncheon for Governor Aycock and his party, and it was learned that it was agreeable to Gov. Aycock, but a city committee took the matter into its hands and extended a snub to a lady they had for four years patronized with becoming professions of social friendship.

Small boys should not attempt to act as soldiers. They are too weak to run far away from an enemy. The Mt. Airy company which got to Raleigh is able to handle nothing.

It is rumored that R. W. King, of Pitt county, is to be the new superintendent of the penitentiary. Laughinghouse can smile.

Frank Winston seems to have thought he was being inaugurated as Governor. He took a ride in the same carriage after Aycock got out.

Buxton, of Winston-Salem, big burly and notbad-looking was here to witness the ceremonies. He seemed to have forgotten his partisanship last year while as chairman of the school board, it is said he issued a circular requesting contributions from school teachers of his county for campaign purposes—in his own interest.

White Supremacy.

Caucasian, Jan. 17.

The General Assembly, notwithstanding their pretentions to believe in WHITE MEN and WHITE MEN only, had eight colored men employed as laborers about the halls of the Legislature at $2 50 per day. These colored men were brought to Raleigh by the members from their homes, and no doubt these colored men rendered valient services in behalf of white supremacy in the August election. The employment of these negroes was resented by the white people around Raleigh to such an extent that they have been set aside and white men put in their places.

The following call was circulated around the capital and on Fayetteville street last week:

"Called meeting of White Supremacy Clubs.

"Owing to the fact that negroes have been put in office in the capitol by the white supremacy Legislature, it is necessary that the remnants of the White Supremacy Clubs hold a ratification and jollification meeting at once. This meeting will be held in front of the market House, Saturday evening, Jan. 12, 1901. Speeches will be made by all the white candidates who were defeated.

"Chromos will be distributed of prominent Democrats.

"Come early and be sure you are a Democrat.'

Buie's Creek School Reopens.

The correspondent of the Morning Post from Buie's Creek says: The public will be glad to know that we have had a most prosperous opening. One hundred and seventy-five students (100 boarding students) have been in attendance, making an enrollment of 350 for the year, representing 40 counties and 5 States. The subscription list for the new building continues to grow. At a meeting of the citizens of this community today, nearly $1,500 was subscribed. The subscription is now beyond $2,000. Quite a number of new houses are going up in the community. The fire seems to have been an inspiration to all our people. We are sure we shall have the help and sympathy of the public in trying to rebuild.

Hobson to be Presented With a Diamond Pin.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 19.—The national convention of the Kappa Alpha Fraternity, in June, will probably be held in Richmond. The local alumni chapter, at their annual banquet tonight, appointed a committee to co-operate with the Richmond College Chapter in extending an invitation, and urging its acceptance.

The most interesting feature of the convention will be the presentation to Lieutenant Richmond Pearson Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, of a handsome diamond fraternity pin. Hon John Temple Graves, of Georgia, has been selected to make the presentation.

Boers Capture Train.

Pretoria, Jan. 19.—The Boers have captured a train loaded with mining materials between Brugspruit and Dalmoral. The passengers were robbed of everything.

Andrew Carnegie, the great iron manufacturer, it is said, will build at Conneaut, Ohio, at a cost of $12,000,000, pipe and tube works that will be larger than any now in existence. They will cover 5,000 acres of ground, their construction will require a year's time, and when completed they will employ 5,000 men.

Literary Notice.

The Vir Publishing Company of Philadelphia promises the fourth volume in "The Self and Sex Series," entitled "What a Man of Forty-Five Ought to Know," by Sylvanus Stall, D. D., on or before February 25. Some seventy-five thousand copies of these highly commended purity books have already been sold.

FLORIDA AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED

BY THE

Seaboard Air Line Railway,

"Florida and West India Short Line"

TO THE

WINTER RESORTS OF THE SOUTH.

THE ONLY LINE OPERATING DAILY LIMITED TRAINS TO FLORIDA.

Effective January 14th, the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the only line operating daily limited trains to Florida, will put on its magnificent new train, "Florida and Metropolitan Limited," solid from New York via Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington to Richmond, Raleigh, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville and St. Augustine. Connections at Jacksonville for Tampa and all Florida points, and at St. Augustine for the East Coast. This train also carries Drawing Room Sleeping car New York to Atlanta. Leaves Boston 12:03 a. m., New York 12:55 p. m., (from 23rd Street Station Pennsylvania Railroad), Philadelphia 3:29 p. m., Baltimore 5:45 p. m., Washington 6:55 p. m., arriving at Southern Pines, N. C. 5:56 a. m., Columbia, S. C., 10:00 a. m., Savannah, Ga., 12:25 p. m., Jacksonville 3:50 p. m., St. Augustine 5:00 p. m., Tampa 6:30 a. m., Charlotte 9:51 a. m., Atlanta 4:35 p. m. Connections are made both at Miami on the East Coast and Port Tampa on the West Coast for Key West and Havana. The "Florida and Metropolitan Limited" is luxuriously equipped in every respect, with Pullman Drawing Room Car, Compartment Car with Drawing Rooms and State Rooms, Observation Car, through Day Coaches and unexcelled Pullman Dining Car service.

For further information, call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or representatives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway at 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third Street, Philadelphia; 207 East German Street, Baltimore, 1434 New York Ave., Washington; or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Used Vile Language in a Religious Argument.

Lursy, Va., Jan. 21.—A novel case, in which a justice of the peace of this county is the prominent figure, comes before the Page county court at its January term. Several days ago a warrant was sworn out for Jacob R. Seakford, a justice of the peace of Marksville district, charging him with "using violent and abusive language" in a religious argument. The case was heard before Justice Offenbacker, of the same district, and went against Seakford, whereupon he appealed to the County court. Seakford says the case was worked up by his enemies, in order to retaliate for fines imposed by him for infractions of the law. The case promises to be interesting.

Tobacco Growers Ask for a Reduction of the War Tax on Tobacco.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The Senate Committee on Finance today granted a hearing to a declaration from the tobacco growing States North Carolina, South Carolina, Kentucky, West Virginia and Georgia granted the support to reduce the tax on tobacco in connection with this legislation on the war revenue. The delegation was composed entirely of members of Congress, and was headed by Senators Pritchard, Tillman and Martin. They said that the tax had been doubled in the war revenue act and that over $35,000,000 of the revenue of the country is raised upon tobacco and they asked for a reduction from the present tax of twelve cts. per pound to eight cents. The argument for a reduction was made upon the theory that it would be in the interest of the consumer and also that it would benefit the small manufacturers.

A Nun Elopes With Her Patient.

Lancaster, Pa., Jan. 19.—A sensation was caused today by the elopement and subsequent marriage at Camden, N. J., of Roland D. Moore, a prominent resident of this city, and Miss Ellen Dugan, of Shamokin, Pa., who was a nurse known as Sister M. Leonica, St. Joseph's Hospital, which is conducted by the Sisters of St Francis.

Miss Dugan has been a nun for seven years. A year and a half ago she came to St Joseph's as a nurse, and she and Moore fell in love while the latter was a patient in her care. Miss Dugan quietly left the hospital last evening, went to the home of a friend and early this morning left for Camden. Mr. Moore is 38 years old and Miss Dugan 10 years his junior.

S. A. L. SPECIAL RATES.

Mardi Gras Celebration, New Orleans, La., February 14-19, 1901.

On account of the above occasion the S A L Ry. will sell round trip tickets from all points to New Orleans, La., for one fare for the round trip. Rate from Raleigh, N. C., will be $25.00. Tickets to be sold February 12th to 18th inclusive and for trains arriving at New Orleans not later than 12 o'clock noon of February 19th, with final limit March 7th.

Mardi Gras Celebration, Pensacola, Florida, Feb. 14-19, 1901.

On account of the above occasion the S A L Ry. will sell round trip tickets from all points to Pensacola, Fla., for one fare for the round trip, rate from Raleigh will be $22-95. Tickets to be sold February 12 to 18 inclusive and for trains arriving at Pensacola, Fla., not later than 12 o'clock noon of Feb. 19th, with final limit March 7th.

WINTER TOURIST RATES.

Winter tourist tickets on sale to Old Point, Va., rate from Raleigh $7 50 to Southern Pines, N. C $3 50 and to all principal points in the State of Florida.

For further particulars regarding trains and general information, address

H. S. LEARD, T P A., Hamlet, N C.
C. H. GATTIS, C P & T A, Raleigh, N. C.
R E L BUNCH, Gen. Pass. Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

The Richmond Dispatch denies the report that it has changed hands.

A WINSTON WOMAN ELOPES.

Goes to Illinois to Join a Young Man—Names of the Parties Not Yet Known.

The Winston correspondent of the Charlotte Observer of the 20th instant says: "It was learned today that a married woman left Winston yesterday for Champaign, Ill., without advising her husband. He did not suspect anything wrong until late in the afternoon, when he discovered that she had left home. Upon going to the Southern passenger depot he was advised by the agent that his wife had bought a ticket and left on the 10:30 train. Upon investigation the husband learned further that another man had won his wife's affections and that he left Friday evening for Champaign. The forsaken husband wept bitterly when he had been convinced that his wife had left him. No names have been given out yet, but the conductor of the train from Winston to Greensboro tells me that the woman is about 26 years old and fairly good looking."

A THOUSAND TONGUES

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughtout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Drug Stores: every bottle guaranteed.

A Pest House Burned.

Omaha, Jan. 19.—Two hundred masqued men, armed with guns, tonight stood off the guards and police and burned the pest house at South Omaha. The building was a small one, recently purchased by the city as an emergency hospital for the reception of smallpox patients and was to have been put in use today.

The citizens became enraged at the location of the building within the city limits, and Friday night an attempt was made to burn this structure, but it was saved by prompt action by the fire department. Tonight a crowd of men gathered near the building, overpowered the guards stationed inside, stood off the police with guns, and again set the building on fire. They quietly watched the building burn to the ground and dispersed. No arrests have been made.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Temperature of the Cotton States.

N. Y. Commercial.

The Southern States have the most perfect cotton growing climate in the world, having an average temperature for the year of 64 to 67 degrees, with a temperature during the cotton growing period from 74 to 77 degrees. The relative humidity for the year east of the Mississippi is 67 to 79 per cent., west of the Mississippi 63 to 74 per cent., which may represent the average per cent. from April to October, or during the cotton growing season.

The Atlantic States receive the least amount of rain and the Gulf States east of the Mississippi the largest amount. The States west of the Mississippi average a little more than those on the Atlantic.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

"A startling incident, which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50cts., guaranteed, at all drug Stores

Accused Mother Sought Death.

Keyser, W. Va., Jan. 18.—The little village of Moorfield, Hardy county, was thrown into a state of excitement by the discovery, in a constantly used well, of the body of an infant. A young woman named Annie Davis was found by the coroner's jury to have been its mother and murderer. On hearing the finding of the jury, the girl went to the same well and jumped in, but was rescued.

THAT THROBBING HEADACHE

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strond nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by all Druggists.

A member of the board of internal improvements says the Atlantic and North Carolina railroad is now worth $1,000,000.

EDITOR'S AWFUL PLIGHT.

F. M. Higgins, Editor Seneca, (Ills.,) News, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by R. H. Holliday, druggist.

BASS FRAZER'S FATHER HOODOOED.

Gives Negro $500 in Gold and a Peck of Potatoes, But Fails to Get His Son.

Atlanta, Jan. 20.—Mr. N. H. Frazer, of Union Springs, Ala., whose son Bass was kidnapped several weeks ago while a student at the Technological School here, has apparently lost $500 by a decoy letter sent him.

Frazer received a letter stating that if he would place $500 in gold, the amount offered for his son, in a sack with a peck of potatoes and proceed along the road near the United States Federal prison, several miles from this city, he would be met by a negro, who would ask, "Massa, has you got dem potatoes?" He was to deliver the sack and its contents to the negro and his son would appear at a hotel in this city looking for his father at an early hour Sunday morning.

The letter was signed "Packard," mailed in Atlanta, dated January 16 and the instructions were minute and specific. Threats of exposure and failure to carry out the instructions were frequently made in it. Mr. Frazer's son, a brother of the kidnapped boy, carried out the plan of the letter, met the negro as arranged and gave him the money and potatoes, Saturday night.

This morning he was at the hotel mentioned and has remained there all day, but Bass Frazer has not appeared and no trace of him or the persons who received the $500 can be found.

Thomas Edison Jr. May Have to go to Jail.

New York, Jan. 19.—Thomas A. Edison, Jr., has been adjudged guilty in contempt by Judge Freedman, of the Supreme Court, for failing to obey an order which directed him to surrender $400,000 of stock of the Steel & Iron Process Company, and has had an order entered against him requiring his imprisonment until he does so. In addition he will have to pay $138, costs of the proceedings.

Wm. McMahon sued Edison and Wm. Holser to recover the stock, alleging that it was promised to him, pursuant to an agreement for services which he rendered to the company in floating its stock. The company was incorporated with a capital of $1,000,000 and a judgment was taken by default which required the stock to be delivered to McMahon. Edison denied that McMahon was the party through whose efforts the stock was floated.

Curtailment Not Necessary.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 18.—Dr. J. H. McAden, president of the Southern Cotton Spinners Association, in an interview today relative to the possibility of cotton spinners agreeing to curtail their output on account of the dullness of the market, said, "This is our regular dull season. I think that about the first of February trade will so quicken that curtailment will not be necessary." Whether the board of Southern Cotton Spinners would act on this question next week in their meeting here Dr. McAden did not state.

Contagious Blood Poison

There is no poison so highly contagious, so deceptive and so destructive. Don't be too sure you are cured because all external signs of the disease have disappeared, and the doctor says you are well. Many persons have been dosed with Mercury and Potash for months or years, and pronounced cured—to realize when too late that the disease was only covered up—driven from the surface to break out again, and to their sorrow and mortification find those nearest and dearest to them have been infected by this loathsome disease, for no other poison is so surely transmitted from parent to child as this. Often a bad case of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer developing in middle life, can be traced to blood poison contracted in early life, for it remains smoldering in the system forever, unless properly treated and driven out in the beginning. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this peculiar virus, the only remedy known that can overcome it and drive it out of the blood, and it does this so thoroughly and effectually that there is never a return of the disease to embarrass or humiliate you afterwards.

Like Begets Like. **The Sin of the Parent.**

SSS cures Contagious Blood Poison in any and all stages; contains no mineral to break down your constitution; it is purely vegetable and the only blood purifier known that cleanses the blood and at the same time builds up the general health.

Our little book on contagious blood poison is the most complete and instructive ever issued; it not only tells all about this disease, but also how to cure yourself at home. It is free and should be in the hands of everyone seeking a cure. Send for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Pyny-Pectoral

A QUICK CURE FOR

COUGHS AND COLDS

Very valuable Remedy in all affections of the

THROAT or LUNGS

Large Bottles, 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited, Prop'rs of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Edward's Dec. 1, 1900, by C. M. Babbitt, Deputy Collector, one Colt's repeating rifle and one breech loading double-barrel shot gun, as property of unknown.

At Hamlet, Dec 19, 1900, by W. A. McDonald, Deputy Collector, one keg corn whiskey, 10 gallons, as property of unknown.

At Kelford, N. C., Dec. 25, 1900, by M. L. Wood, Deputy Collector, 3 packages corn whiskey, 71.5 gallons, one copper still, 120 gallons, 3 copper caps, 2 copper pipes, 1 copper worm, fermenters, &c., as property of R. H. Norfleet.

At Whiteville, N. C., Dec. 24, 1900, by W. J. Sutton, Deputy Collector, 1 barrel case goods containing 100 ½ pint flasks, 50 pint flasks and 1 box containing 2 gallons in pint and ½ pint flasks, about 14 gallons rye whiskey, as property of Watkins Chinok.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E C. DUNCAN,
Collector 4th District of N. C.
By J. P. H. ADAMS,
Deputy Collector, Raleigh, N.
January 8th, 1901.

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
21 Nassau St.,
New York.

HICKS' CAPUDINE

Headache Cure . .

LEAVES NO BAD EFFECT WHATEVER

15, 25 and 50c. at Druggists

Anticephalalgine

The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE.

SAFEST - AND - BEST

25 and 50 cents a bottle

For Sale by all Druggists.

Raleigh Marble Works

COOPER BROS.,
—PROPRIETORS—
RALEIGH, N. C.

Monuments.

Shipments made to any part of the state at same price as at shop.

Write for Catalogue.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway of The South.

The Direct Line to all points - - - - -

Texas - California
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The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY. } S. S.

N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNIS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900.

N. B. BROUGHTON.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this the 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. RUSS, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

SEAL.

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY, RALEIGH, N. C.

A thorough school of high-ade for girls. In Pine belt North Carolina so famous health.

Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "The best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free. Jas. Dinwiddie, A. M., Prin. Alfred C. Goodwin, Director.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Having qualified as Administrator of Henry G. Wiggs, deceased, late of Wake county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 3rd day of December, A. D., 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 3rd day of December, 1900.

W. H. CHAMBLEE, Adm'r.

W. R. SMITH'S COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, KY., is where many young men, after investing from $65 to $90 for tuition, board, etc., have been educated for positions as Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Telegraphers, and now receive from $900 to $1,500 salary per year. Kentucky University Diploma awarded his graduates. His College received Medals at two World's Expositions and refers to thousands of successful graduates. No time lost at this cheapest and most influential College. No vacation. Cost this out for reference. Read advertisement. For particulars address only W R Smith, Lexington Ky

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WITH TEN DAYS FREE WEARING TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME, we furnish the genuine and only HEIDELBERG ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELTS to any reader of this paper. No money in advance; very low cost; positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures when all other electric belts, appliances and remedies fail. QUICK CURE for more than 50 ailments. ONLY SURE CURE for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete sealed confidential catalogue, cut this ad out and mail to us.

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(your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

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LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or send 4c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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Only one and two different blades, and sometimes three, in a fully equipped razor, but

THE McCALL

WANTED.—Two reliable Traveling Salesmen in each State; permanent position; salary and expenses; experience not absolutely essential. Address, Piedmont Tobacco Works, Greensboro, N. C. 4w

DIED BY HER OWN HAND.

Widow of a Distinguished Virginia Lawyer and Politician Seeks Relief From Her Troubles.

Staunton, Va., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Annie E. Craig, widow of a distinguished member of the Virginia bar and herself a member of a prominent family, committed suicide early this morning by hanging herself. Wrapping a rope around her neck several times, she tied it securely to the third-story veranda and rolled over the railing. Her next door neighbor, opened the blinds of her home, was horrified to find the body of Mrs. Craig dangling from a rope by the side of the porch. The milkman, who arrived about that time, took down the still warm but lifeless body. Mrs. Craig wore only a thin wrapper.

The act was premeditated. Mrs. Craig persuaded her attendant to attend early mass and took advantage of her absence to put an end to her own existence. She evidently proceeded very deliberately. She took the rope, fastened it to a ring in the ceiling of the porch, wrapped it around her neck three times, caught the end securely and then rolled or stepped over the railing.

Mrs. Craig had been in ill health for many years and had spent much time in Northern hospitals. Her husband, Col. W. S. Craig, shot himself several years ago, and her mother died suddenly last July while in a sanitarium.

A New Weather Prophet.

An old hunter, in the wilds of Buncombe county, comments on the fine weather this winter and says in the Asheville Citizen that there would be no winter this time—that is, no severe weather. In support of this he quoted the possum prophecy. "If the possums," he said, "have a thick coat of fur on their backs, then you may get in an extra supply of fuel, for it's going to be awful cold. But if the fur is thin you may expect mild weather. Of all the possums I have seen this season, not one wore a thick coat. That's what makes me say there won't be any very bad winter."

Texas Heard From.

From the Houston Post.

Texas has the resources within her own borders to completely clothe, feed, house, and warm and cool a man. We have cotton, wool, hides, wheat, corn, meat, sugar, salt, vegetables, timber, iron, coal, and plenty of artesian water, to say nothing of our facilities for lighting things up with our own oil and natural gas. Where is there another State in the Union that can say as much?

A Lover of Children.

It is no new thing for Mrs Phoebe A Hearst to be interested both in the welfare and happiness of children and young people. She was a school teacher in the days before her marriage to Sena or Hearst, and probably little dreamed that one day she would be able to spend millions on behalf of others. Her work for the University of California, and her Kindergarten Work, are very sympathetically described by Sarah K. Bolton in the February number of THE DELINEATOR Mrs Hearst seems to spend all her time going about doing good, and not harm, with her enormous wealth.

Poor Old Grover.

Georgia Tribune.

Grover Cleveland advises to give the rank and file a chance. It is generally remarked that when old men suddenly do something right, which they have not been in the habit of doing, that they die soon after. Perhaps old Grover has had a subtle premonition.

Children's Valentines.

It is not given to children to understand the full meaning of hearts and darts in Valentine lore, but they can get a great deal of fun out of Valentine time. Lina Beard, the famous sister of the famous Dan Beard, shows them how they can do it with scissors and paste. Nearly twenty illustrations appear in her article in the February Delineator.

Some Interesting Statistics.

United States first coal mine, 1806; first iron factory, 1812; first cotton mill, 1812; first stereotyping, 1813; first gas, 1816; first savings bank, 1816; first sewing machine, 1818; first steam-power press, 1823; first matches, 1829; first, revolver, 1835; first clock, 1837; first gold from California, 1848.—Exchange.

Not Strong Enough to Raise a Row.

Washington Post.

Mr. Bryan says the Democratic party was never in a better fighting condition than it is today. As a matter of fact, it is not strong enough to raise a row over the manner in which its poultices are applied.

Where to Put the Arm.

London Sporting Times.

"She had undertaken to teach me to waltz," he observed.

Then, surveying himself in the restaurant mirror, he readjusted the poise of his hat and pinched his necktie up a little tighter.

"I've only been at it three weeks, but I have already learned where to put my arm."

Masters of Men

The Saturday Evening Post announces for early publication a twelve-part serial story of love and adventure by Morgan Robertson Masters of Men is a powerful tale of the new Navy.

The central figures in the story are a rich orphan, who has entered the navy as an apprentice, and a young ensign, fresh from the Naval Academy The author leads his two heroes through a maze of adventures by land and sea.

A Popular Girl.

Charley—Is she one of the girls you can kiss if you want to?

Jack—She's more than that She's one of the girls you don't have to kiss if you don't want to—February Smart Set.

The Richmond Locomotive and Machine Works has received an order from the Wabash railroad for fifty locomotives, the contract price of which will aggregate about $650,000.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

The strongest, purest, most efficient and wholesome of leavening agents. Not lowest in price, yet the most economical; indispensable to all who appreciate the best and most healthful food.

Our country is enjoying prosperity almost unsurpassed in its history.

For every one there is money enough to buy that to eat which is pure, sound, good, wholesome.

Why should we use cheap, impure, unhealthful articles of food? There is no economy in them; they endanger the health, they may cost life. There are reported almost daily cases of sickness caused by eating cake, puddings or biscuit made with the cheap, alum baking powders.

In all articles for food buy and use only the best. The good health of the family is of first consideration.

Alum is used in many baking powders because it makes them cheap. It costs less than two cents a pound. Alum is a corrosive poison. Think of feeding it to children! Yet the manufacturers of well-known alum powders are actually denying that their goods contain it.

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For information call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or Seaboard Air Line Railway representatives at 306 Washington St., Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third Street, Philadelphia; 207 East German Street, Baltimore; 1434 New York Ave., Washington, or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

The Parrot Yelled "Fire!"

Newark, N. J., Special to Philadelphia Record.

A parrot's timely warning saved the house of Mrs. Myron Hart, of Irvington, from destruction by fire last night. Mrs. Hart went up stairs, leaving "Poll" in the kitchen. Half an hour later she heard a shrill cry of "Fire, fire!" At first she thought it was a joke, a small boy, who lived near-by, was playing.

She went down stairs, however, and it was lucky she did, for the kitchen floor in front of the stove was ablaze. On his accustomed perch sat "Poll," shrieking "fire" at the top of his voice. Mrs. Hart extinguished the blaze with a few pails of water. Had she arrived on the scene a few minutes later the house would have been doomed.

Not Hard to Believe.

Bibbs—Mrs. Homeleigh says her husband is a great sufferer.

Gibbs—I'm not surprised. How long has he been married to her?—February Smart Set.

Dispatches received by the New York World from almost every city of importance in the country says the grip seems to be an epidemic. There are thousands of cases in every large city and hundreds of cases in every small city. The malady seems to be spreading.—Asheville Gazette.

"What are the last teeth that come?" asked a school teacher of her class in physiology. "False teeth, mum," replied a boy on the back seat who had just waked up.—McCall's Magazine.

The residence of H. H. Carr in West Selma was destroyed by fire Thursday morning. Loss about $500.

The Wake county jail is almost empty—the prisoners have been sent to the roads.

The South Carolina Canteen.

Greenville News.

Wonder if the South Carolina members in Congress voted for the abolition of the army canteen? One would hardly think so, when their State is so concerned in furnishing its citizens with an abundance of official booze. Among the items in the $2,500 bill for expenses of soldiers to prevent lynchings last year, we find an item of one-fourth of a barrel of beer.

His Treat.

Chicago News.

Visitor: "Say, you are de guy wot treats fellers as git jagged?"

Dr. Glitter: "I treat inebriates."

Visitor: "Well, I'm one o' dem fellers, an' seein' it's your treat, you can gimme a little whiskey."

It Will Not be Long.

Times-Mercury.

The News and Observer says it did it—that is, appointed Furches and Cook. It will not be long until it will be cursing them.

A Big Relief?

Times-Mercury.

Since the penitentiary has a big (?) balance in its favor, this legislature can be relieved of making an appropriation to it. Will they do it?

Smallpox Precautions in King George.

King George, Va., Jan. 17.—The county board of health today ordered all public schools closed, compulsory vaccination, and appointed Dr. F. F. Ninde to attend all smallpox patients.

$60 per month and expenses can be made by a capable woman. Permanent position Experience unnecessary. Write at once for particulars. Clark & Co, 234 S. 4th St., Phila., Pa. Oct 4—3m.

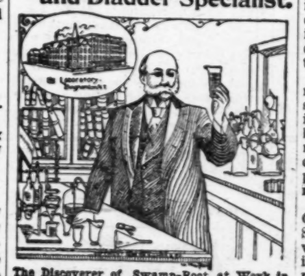
Men can be cured privately and positively at home of all weakness and disease Write for new free book to Dr. J. N. Hathaway, 22½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. tf

The Oldest Kidd in the State.

Times-Mercury.

The oldest Kidd in the State is R. G. Kidd, of near High Point. He has lived in three centuries, having been born in the close of 1700.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM

Adopted Unanimously in Convention April 18th, 1900.

The People's Party Convention assembled in Raleigh, April 18th, reaffirms the principles set forth in the People's Party National platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896, and instructs the delegates to the National Convention at Sioux Falls May 9th to vote for the nomination of William J. Bryan for President.

We commend the present State Administration for its high personal and official integrity, and challenge a comparison of its record with any and all of its predecessors.

We condemn the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for its extravagant expenditures of public money amounting to $1,594,765.76 in 1899, as opposed to $1,283,971.11, expended by the preceding Legislature, an excess of $310,794.65, not including the sum of $100,000 for public education nor the $63,250 for purchase of State farms.

We further condemn said Legislature for the careless blundering and careless legislation, including more gross blunders and unconstitutional laws than ever before enacted by any General Assembly in North Carolina.

We further denounce the machine leaders of the Democratic party for laying the whip on the backs of the Democratic Legislature and forcing them into enacting and submitting a disfranchising constitutional amendment in violation of the solemn pledges of the party, made not only officially in their campaign handbook, but by members of the General Assembly and other Democratic candidates for office in their canvass before the people. We denounce them not only for doing this in violation of their pledges, but also for submitting a measure most odious in form and dangerous in effect. That General Assembly being composed of some of the best lawyers of the party, must have known, or at least had a reasonable doubt, not only as to the unconstitutionality of the monstrous provision of Section 5, known as the "grandfather clause" in said amendment, but also of the great danger of that unconstitutional sectional section failing, leaving the remainder of the amendment to stand, thus disfranchising by an educational qualification fifty or sixty thousand white voters of North Carolina, who in 1898 gave the Democratic party power in the Legislature, and whose ignorance is no fault of their own but is chargeable to the neglect of the Democratic party, which now seeks to disfranchise them and make their ignorance a crime alongside that of the felon.

But even if the proposed amendment were not unconstitutional (as it clearly is), still it is especially objectionable in the following particulars:

(a) In that it dignifies with the right of suffrage the most vicious, troublesome and obnoxious class of the negro population, and completely disfranchises the most faithful, kindly and orderly element of that race.

(b) In that, while clamoring for white supremacy and declaring that no white man shall be disfranchised under this amendment, they have so written their amendment that every white boy becoming of age after 1908 stands on the same footing with the negro, and can not vote unless he is able to read and write.

(c) In that by the latter provision, they have made it possible for the educated negro after 1908 to cast his ballot while the unfortunate son of the white men who have been the strength of true democracy stands without a vote at the ballot box. They slaughter the suffrage of the son whose father they dare not openly attack.

(d) In that this suffrage amendment does not remove the negro from politics or settle the negro question in North Carolina.

(e) In that every voter who has not paid his poll tax as much as five months before the State election and eight months before the national election, shall be disfranchised as much as if he were convicted of felony or were an ignorant negro. The purpose of this provision is not only to disfranchise every good honest citizen who unfortunately cannot pay his taxes by the first of March preceding the election, but further to try to bribe the voter to surrender his suffrage at the expense of the public school fund of the State, which is derived from poll taxes. There lurks behind this proposition a still greater danger to the public schools of the State, for with the adoption of the amendment the opponents of free schools in North Carolina will at once raise the cry that every dollar raised for public instruction means the increase of the number of negro voters, and thus the poor white man's son will be chained in bondage of ignorance and disfranchised to prevent the education of the negro voter. There is no white supremacy in this.

The constitutional question presented by the proposed amendment is one that must be determined by the judgment and conscience of each individual voter. Therefore, we do not make it a party question. We state the evils and dangers and leave the voters of all parties to pass their verdict in the light of these facts. The question is above party, and no one should be more active and anxious in our judgment to defeat it than the rank and file of the Democratic party.

The People's Party is and has always been more distinctly than any other party in North Carolina a white man's party, and is more anxious than any other party to solve the race problem, and to force all parties to a discussion of the great economic issues so vitally affecting the welfare of all wealth producers of the State and nation and decency in politics.

Therefore, we propose in lieu of this dangerous amendment, the best solution of the race question that is possible as long as the 15th amendment to the Constitution of the United States stands—a solution which deprives no white man in North Carolina now or hereafter of his right of suffrage, to-wit:

Amend Section 6, Art. 6, of the Constitution of North Carolina by inserting among the disqualifications for office, enumerated therein, the following, viz: All negroes and all persons of negro descent to the third generation inclusive.

If the Democratic Legislature which meets in June will offer this safe, constitutional and wholesome amendment in lieu of the present scheme it will have our hearty support. If they will not, we appeal to the people to rally to our assistance to elect a Legislature pledged to support such an amendment.

We congratulate the people of North Carolina upon the decision of the State Supreme Court in the case of Harris vs. Wright (121 N. C. R., 172), declaring that the General Assembly has power to provide different systems of county government for various counties of the State. Acting under this decision, we pledge the People's Party to the maintenance of the system of local self-government in all the white counties, towns and cities in the State as established by the General Assembly of 1895, and at the same time to provide and maintain a legislative system of county government for all the negro counties of the State, so that there can never be any question that the white people shall always have full and complete control of county in the State.

We denounce the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for passing an election law, every provision of which is carefully and cunningly planned and devised to thwart the sovereign will of the people of North Carolina by wholesale fraud and debauchery of the ballot box. We declare without fear of successful contradiction, that is is the most partisan, unfair, infamous and indefensible election law that has ever disgraced the statute books of any State in the Union.

We pledge ourselves to increase the efficiency of the public school system in North Carolina, and point to the fact that the People's Party has done more for public education in North Carolina than the Democratic party ever did in twice the length of time. To the Populists of North Carolina is to be credited the first great increase in the public school system.

We pledge ourselves to the care of the unfortunate class in North Carolina and to an increase in the necessary facilities for the same. As an earnest of our sincerity, we point to our past record in this particular, and say that no "Legislature in which Populists have had a controlling voice has ever turned a deaf ear to the demand of the unfortunate, or been followed by an urgent appeal for additional provision as has been recently issued by the Board of Public Charities because of the failure of the Democratic Legislature to make such provision as seen and urgently needed at the time they were consuming their time in enacting political legislation and creating new offices during the session of 1899.

Labor is indispensable to the creation and profitable use of capital. Capital increases the efficiency and value of labor. Whoever arrays one against the other, is an enemy of both. That policy is wisest and best, which harmonizes the two on the basis of absolute justice.

IF THE BABY IS CUTTING TEETH

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AFRICAN NERVINE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontenence of wat during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1 Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist.

Ada—Why does Clara speak of George as her intended? Are they engaged?

Alice—No; but she intends they shall be.—McCall's Magazine.

A hundred years ago there were no farms west of the Mississippi; today the Western crop is 600,000,000 bushels, or one-quarter that of the world.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF N. C. R. R. CO.

Burlington, N. C., January 15th, 19 1

The first payment of the 39th annual dividend, due the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, 3½ per cent. on the capital stock of said Company, will be due and payable at the office of said Company in Burlington, N. C, February 10th, 1901.

The above payment will be made to all stockholders of record at 12 o'clock m., January 20th, 1901.

SPENCER B. ADAMS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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IN EFFECT JAN. 13, 1901

SOUTHBOUND

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 27
Lv New York, Penn. R. R.	1 00 pm	12 10 am
Lv Philadel P. R. R.	3 29 pm	7 20 am
Lv Baltimore, "	5 45 pm	9 35 am
Lv Washington P. R. R.	6 55 pm	10 55 am
Lv Monmouth, S. A. L. Ry	10 40 pm	2 40 am
Lv Petersburg "	11 31 pm	3 30 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 00 am	5 55 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 54 am	7 39 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 5 am	10 27 pm
Lv "	7 07 am	10 35 pm
Lv Columbia*	9 06 am	1 55 am
Ar Savannah	1 2 25 pm	5 00 am
Ar Jacksonville	3 50 pm	9 10 am
Ar Tampa	6 30 am	8 [illegible] pm
Lv New York NYP & N	8 00 am	9 00 pm
Lv Philadelphia	10 20 am	11 20 pm
Lv N Y, O D & S Co	12 00 pm	
Lv Baltimore B S P Co		12 40 pm
Lv Wash'n N & W S B		6 30 pm
Lv Portsmouth S. A. L. Ry	9 5 pm	9 [illegible] am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 00 am	1 35 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 5 am	3 51 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 50 am	7 40 pm
Lv "	7 05 am	7 50 pm
Ar Wilmington,	12 [illegible] pm	
Ar Monroe	5 10 am	9 20 pm
Ar Charlotte,	9 [illegible] am	Lv 2 [illegible] am
Lv Chester	9 43 am	10 55 pm
Lv Greenwood	11 45 am	1 07 am
Lv Athens	2 08 pm	4 [illegible] am
Ar Atlanta	4 3 [illegible] pm	6 05 am
Ar Augusta C & W C	5 10 pm	
Ar Macon C of Ga	7 20 pm	11 10 am
Ar Montg'y A & W P	9 20 pm	11 00 am
Ar Mobile L & N	3 05 am	4 12 pm
Ar New Orleans L & N	7 40 am	8 30 pm
Ar Nashvill N C & St L	8 40 am	6 55 pm
Ar Memphis "	4 00pm	8 10 am

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily No 403	Daily No 8 [illegible]
Lv Atlanta S A L Ry	1 00 pm	9 05 pm
Lv Charlotte	6 [illegible] pm	5 00 am
Lv Wilmington,	3 [illegible] pm	
Lv Hamlet	9 20pm	8 05 am
Ar Raleigh	11 18am	11 30 am
Lv Rid'way	2 25 am	2 00pm
Ar Portsmouth	7 00am	5 [illegible] pm
Ar Wash'ton N & W S B		7 00am
Ar Baltimore B & P Co		7 40am
Ar New York O D & S Co		1 30pm
Ar Philadelphia N YP&N	5 46 pm	
Ar New York	8 3 pm	
Lv Tampa S A L	10 00 pm	8 0 am
Lv Jacksonville	10 20 am	7 45 pm
Lv Savannah	1 88 am	11 59 am
Lv Columbia	6 07 pm	5 45 am
Lv Hamlet	9 20 pm	9 20 am
Lv Raleigh	2 18am	1a 07pm
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 [illegible]am	2 15pm
Lv Petersburg	4 21am	4 46pm
Lv Richmond	5 10am	5 [illegible]pm
Ar Washington P. R. R.	8 45am	9 [illegible]pm
Ar Baltimore P R R	10 05am	11 [illegible]pm
Ar Philadelphia P. R R	12 [illegible]pm	2 [illegible]m
Ar New York P R R	3 [illegible]pm	6 13am

Note—Daily except Sunday Central Time Eastern Time.

Dining cars between New York and Richmond, and Hamlet and Jacksonville on trains Nos. 31 and 44.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE
TRAINS GOING SOUTH

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY	No. 41 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 107 Passenger.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 9 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Lv Weldon	11 [illegible]	8 5			
Ar Rocky Mount	1 0 [illegible]	10 5			
Lv Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mount	1 08	10 [illegible]	6 [illegible]	7	A 5
Lv Wilson	1 [illegible]	10 [illegible]	6	7 1[illegible]	5 57
Lv Selma	2 30	11 [illegible]			
Lv Fayetteville	4 [illegible]	2 35			
Ar Florence	7 35	2 [illegible]			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Lv Goldsboro				7 55	6 45
Lv Magnolia					8 2[illegible]
Ar Wilmington					9 2[illegible]
					P.M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH

	No. 78 Daily	No. 136 Passenger	No. 33 Daily	No. 36 Daily	No. 37 Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Lv Florence	9 5[illegible]		3[illegible]		
Ar Fayetteville	12 1[illegible]		9 41		
Lv Selma	1 00		11 35		
Ar Wilson	2 35		12 18		
	A M.			P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 35
Lv Magnolia				8 3[illegible]	11 10
Lv Goldsboro		4 [illegible]		9 17	12 28
	P. M.		A M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	2 35	5 [illegible]	2 13	10 45	1 18
Ar Rocky Mount	3 30	6 0[illegible]	2 45	11 28	1 58
Ar Tarboro		5 [illegible]			
Lv Tarboro	3 [illegible]				
Lv Rocky Mount	3 30		12 45		
Ar Weldon	4 32		1 39		
	P. M.		A M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1 43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 30 5 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 4 10 p. m., leave Fayetteville 4 30 p. m., arrive Wilmington 9 2[illegible] p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 7 05 a. m., Marion 9 5 a. m., Red Springs 9 05 a. m., Hope Mills 10 5[illegible] a. m., arrive Fayetteville 1[illegible]. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 45 p. m., Hope Mills 5 0[illegible] p. m., Red Springs 5 43 p. m., Marion 6 [illegible] p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7 10 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No 78 at Marion with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 5 50 p. m., Halifax 6 17 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 6 58 p. m., Greenville 6 57 p. m., Kinston 7 56 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a. m., Greenville 8 52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11 18 a. m., Weldon 11 33 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8 10 a. m. and 2 50 p. m., arrive Parmele 9 10 a. m. and 4 00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9 35 a. m. and 6 30 p. m., arrive Washington 11 00 a. m and 7 35 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 6 30 p. m., Sunday 4 15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7 40 p. m., 5 10 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7 00 a. m., and Monday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10 10 a. m. and 11 00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leave Goldsboro daily, except Sunday 5 00 a. m., arriving Smithfield 5 40 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 7 00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 8 20 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9 30 a. m., 3 40 p. m. arrive Nashville 10 20 a. m., 4 05 p. m., Spring Hope 11 00 a. m., 4 25 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 11 4[illegible] a. m., 4 55 p. m., Nashville 11 45 a. m., 5 25 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12 00 a. m., 6 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11 40 a. m., and 4 25 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7 45 a. m. and 2 50 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

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A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE NO. 11.
In effect Sunday Mar. 11 1900, at 7:00 A. M. at Goldsboro.
Supersedes Time Table 18, of Oct. 29 1899 and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

STATIONS	Daily ex Sun. mixed frt'l cars and passengers. A. M.	Daily except Sunday. Passenger P. M.
Lv. Goldsboro*	8 30	
Best's	8 36	
LaGrange*	8 39	
Falling Creek	8 48	
Kinston	8 58	
Caswell	9 06	
Ar Dover*	9 45	
Lv Dover	9 45	
Core's Creek	9 57	
Tuscarora	10 00	
Clark's	10 15	
Ar New Bern*	10 30	
Lv New Bern	10 40	
Riverdale	10 56	
Croatan	11 08	
Havelock	11 30	
Newport*	11 39	
Wildwood	11 49	
Atlantic	11 56	
Ar Morehead City*	12 07	
Lv Morehead City	8 37	
Atlantic Hotel.		
Ar M. City Depot*	9 05	

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

STATIONS.	Passenger daily.	Daily except Sunday. Mixed freight and passengers.
	A. M.	P. M.
Ar Goldsboro*	12 05	5 00
Best	10 43	3 35
LaGrange*	10 32	3 30
Falling Creek	10 23	3 07
Kinston*	10 13	2 50
Caswell	9 57	2 30
Dover	9 43	2 17
Core Creek	9 30	2 07
Tuscarora	9 20	2 00
Clark's	9 13	1 51
Lv Newbern*	9 00	1 30
Ar	8 37	
Riverdale	8 13	
Croatan	8 00	
Havelock	7 40	
Wildwood	7 34	
Atlantic	7 24	
Ar Morehead City*	7 27	
Lv	7 23	
Atlantic Hotel		
M. City Depot	7 05	
	A. M.	P. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal
*—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

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